AWARNING

To prevent serious injury or death:

- 1- Lock-out/tag-out before performing maintenance.
- 2- If system power is required (e.g., smoke detector maintenance), disable power to blower, remove fan belt where applicable, and ensure all controllers and thermostats are set to the "OFF" position before performing maintenance.
- 3- Always keep hands, hair, clothing, jewelry, tools, etc., away from moving parts.

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Diagnostic Sensors Page 26

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

LHT/LDT024 2-Ton
LHT/LDT036 3-Ton
LHT/LDT048 4-Ton
LHT/LDT060 5-Ton

HEAT PUMP AND DUAL-FUEL PACKAGED UNITS 508303-01 10/2022

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Gas Heat Start-Up	Page 34
Heating Operation and Adjustments	Page 35
Electric Heat Start-Up	Page 35
Service	Page 36
Factory Unit Controller Settings	Page 42

AWARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer or equivalent, service agency, or the gas supplier

RETAIN THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

Attention!

Use this QR code to download the mobile service app. Follow the prompts to pair the app with the unit control system and configure the unit. Refer to the "Download Mobile App" section in this manual and the Setup Guide provided with this unit. The QR code is also available in the unit control area.



The app can be downloaded from the appropriate iOS or Android store. Look for the following icon.

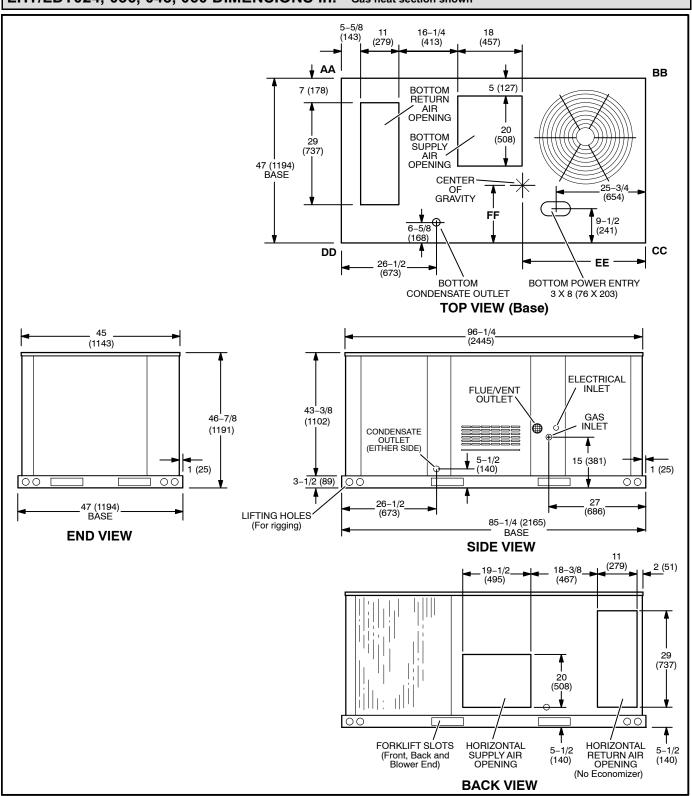




ACAUTION

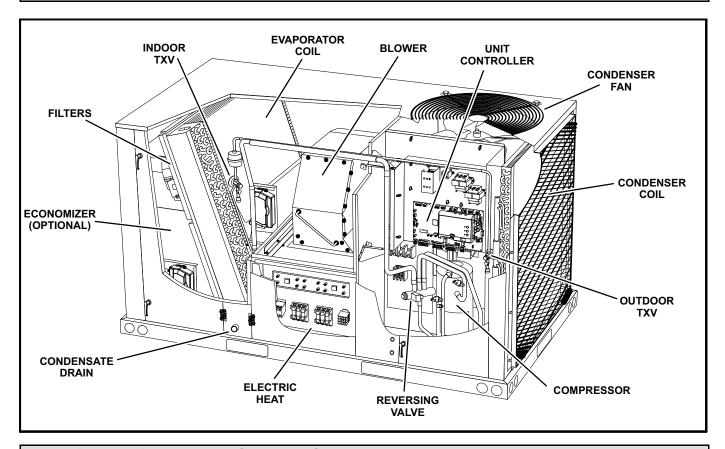
As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

LHT/LDT024, 036, 048, 060 DIMENSIONS in. - Gas heat section shown

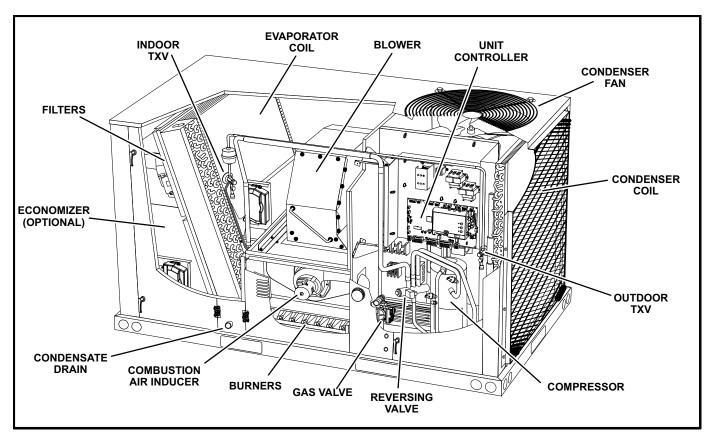


Page 2

LHT024, 036, 048, 060, PARTS ARRANGEMENT



LDT024, 036, 048, 060 PARTS ARRANGEMENT



Shipping and Packing List

Package 1 of 1 contains:

1- Assembled unit

Check unit for shipping damage. Receiving party should contact last carrier immediately if shipping damage is found.

General

These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede local codes in any way. Authorities having jurisdiction should be consulted before installation.

The LDT heat pump/gas heating (duel-fuel) packaged rooftop unit is available in 65,000, 108,000, or 150,000 Btuh heating inputs. The LHT heat pump packaged rooftop unit is the same basic design as the LDT unit except for the heating section. Optional electric heat is factory- or field-installed in LHT units.

The LHT/LDT units have 2, 3, 4, and 5-ton cooling capacities.

Units are equipped with fin/tube condenser coils, two speed compressors, and variable speed, direct drive blowers. Compressor and supply air speeds adjust to system demand.

Availability of units and options varies by brand.

Requirements

See figure 1 for unit clearances.

The LDT unit is ETL/CSA certified for outdoor installations only at the clearances to combustible materials listed on unit nameplate and in figure 1.

The LHT unit is ETL/CSA certified as a heat pump with cooling and with or without auxiliary electric heat for outdoor installations only at the clearances to combustible materials as listed on the unit nameplate and in figure 1.

Installation of LHT/LDT units must conform with standards in National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) "Standard for Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems NFPA No. 90A," "Standard for Installation of Residence Type Warm Air Heating and Air conditioning Systems NFPA No. 90B," local municipal building codes and manufacturer's installation instructions.

▲IMPORTANT

The Clean Air Act of 1990 bans the intentional venting of refrigerant (CFC's and HCFC's) as of July 1, 1992. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed. Fines and/or incarceration may be levied for non-compliance.

AWARNING

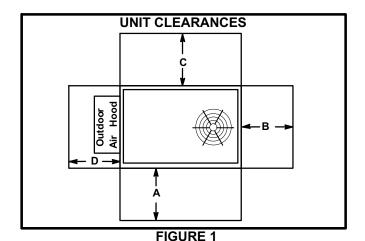


Electric shock hazard and danger of explosion. Can cause injury, death or product or property damage. Turn off gas and electrical power to unit before performing any maintenance or servicing operations on the unit. Follow lighting instructions attached to unit when putting unit back into operation and after service or maintenance.

ANOTICE

Roof Damage!

This system contains both refrigerant and oil. Some rubber roofing material may absorb oil, causing the rubber to swell. Bubbles in the rubber roofing material can cause leaks. Protect the roof surface to avoid exposure to refrigerant and oil during service and installation. Failure to follow this notice could result in damage to roof surface.



1_{Unit} D Тор in.(mm) Clearance in.(mm) in.(mm) in.(mm) Clearance Service 48 36 36 36 Unob-Clearance (1219)(914)(914)(914)structed 36 Clearance to Unob-Combustibles (914)(25)(25)(25)structed Minimum Opera-36 36 36 36 Unob-

Note - Entire perimeter of unit base requires support when elevated above mounting surface.

(914)

(914)

(914)

structed

(914)

Service Clearance - Required for removal of serviceable parts.
Clearance to Combustibles - Required clearance to combustible material (gas units). On LHT units, see clearance to combustible materials as outlined on heater rating plate.

Minimum Operation Clearance - Required clearance for proper unit operation.

tion Clearance

Use of this unit as a construction heater or air conditioner is not recommended during any phase of construction. Very low return air temperatures, harmful vapors and operation of the unit with clogged or misplaced filters will damage the unit.

If this unit has been used for heating or cooling of buildings or structures under construction, the following conditions must be met or the warranty will be void:

- A room thermostat must control the unit. The use of fixed jumpers that will provide continuous heating or cooling is not allowed.
- A pre-filter must be installed at the entry to the return air duct.
- The return air duct must be provided and sealed to the unit.
- Return air temperature range between 55°F (13°C) and 80°F (27°C) must be maintained.
- Air filters must be replaced and pre-filters must be removed upon construction completion.
- The input rate and temperature rise must be set per the unit rating plate.
- The heat exchanger, components, duct system, air filters and evaporator coil must be thoroughly cleaned following final construction clean-up.
- The unit operating conditions (including airflow, cooling operation, ignition, input rate, temperature rise and venting) must be verified according to these installation instructions.

This appliance is not to be used by persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction.

This appliance should not be used by children. Children should be supervised to ensure they do not play with the appliance.

Unit Support

In downflow discharge installations, install the unit on a non-combustible surface only. Unit may be installed on combustible surfaces when used in horizontal discharge applications or in downflow discharge applications when installed on an T1CURB / C1CURB / E1CURB roof mounting frame.

NOTE - Securely fasten roof frame to roof per local codes.

ACAUTION

To reduce the likelihood of supply / return air bypass and promote a proper seal with the RTU, duct work / duct drops / diffuser assemblies must be supported independently to the building structure.

A-Downflow Discharge Application

Roof Mounting with T1CURB / C1CURB / E1CURB

- 4- The roof mounting frame must be installed, flashed and sealed in accordance with the instructions provided with the frame.
- 5- The roof mounting frame should be square and level to 1/16" per linear foot (5mm per linear meter) in any direction.
- 6- Duct must be attached to the roof mounting frame and not to the unit; supply and return plenums must be installed before setting the unit.

Installer's Roof Mounting Frame

Many types of roof frames can be used to install the unit depending upon different roof structures. Items to keep in mind when using the building frame or supports are:

- 1- The base is fully enclosed and insulated, so an enclosed frame is not required.
- 2- The frames or supports must be constructed with non-combustible materials and should be square and level to 1/16" per linear foot (5mm per linear meter) in any direction.
- 3- Frame or supports must be high enough to prevent any form of moisture from entering unit. Recommended minimum frame height is 14" (356mm).
- 4- Duct must be attached to the roof mounting frame and not to the unit. Supply and return plenums must be installed before setting the unit.
- 5- Units require support along all four sides of unit base. Supports must be constructed of steel or suitably treated wood materials.

NOTE-When installing a unit on a combustible surface for downflow discharge applications, a T1CURB/C1CURB/E1CURB roof mounting frame is required.

B-Horizontal Discharge Applications

- 1- Units which are equipped with an optional economizer and installed in horizontal airflow applications must use a horizontal conversion kit.
- 2- Specified installation clearances must be maintained when installing units. Refer to figure 1.
- 3- Top of support slab should be approximately 4" (102mm) above the finished grade and located so no run-off water from higher ground can collect around the unit.
- 4- Units require support along all four sides of unit base. Supports must be constructed of steel or suitably treated wood materials.

Duct Connection

All exterior ducts, joints and openings in roof or building walls must be insulated and weather-proofed with flashing and sealing compounds in accordance with applicable codes. Any duct passing through an unconditioned space must be insulated.

ACAUTION

In downflow applications, do not drill or punch holes in base of unit. Leaking in roof may occur if unit base is punctured.

Rigging Unit For Lifting

Rig unit for lifting by attaching four cables to holes in unit base rail. See figure 2.

- 1- Detach wooden base protection before rigging.
- 2- Remove all six base protection brackets before setting unit.
- 3- Connect rigging to the unit base using both holes in each corner.
- 4- All panels must be in place for rigging.
- 5- Place field-provided H-style pick in place just above top edge of unit. Frame must be of adequate strength and length. (H-style pick prevents damage to unit.)

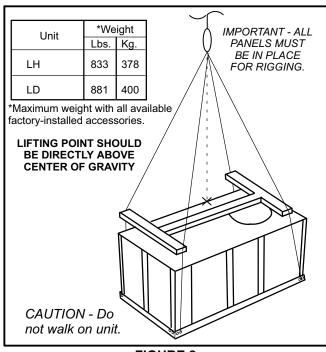


FIGURE 2

Horizontal Air Discharge

Unit is shipped with panels covering the horizontal supply and return air openings. Remove horizontal covers and place over downflow openings for horizontal air discharge. See figure 3. Secure in place with sheet metal screws.

Units Equipped With An Optional Economizer

- Remove the horizontal supply air cover and position over the downflow supply air opening. Secure with sheet metal screws.
- 2- Leave the horizontal return air cover in place.
- 3- Locate the separately ordered horizontal air discharge kit. Place the kit panel over the downflow return air opening.
- 4- Remove and retain the barometric relief dampers and lower hood.

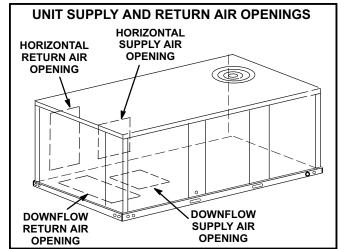


FIGURE 3

5- Install return air duct beneath outdoor air intake. See figure 4. Install barometric relief damper in lower hood and install in ductwork as shown in figure 4.

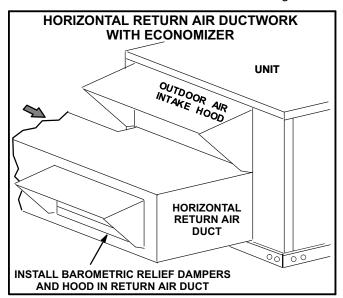


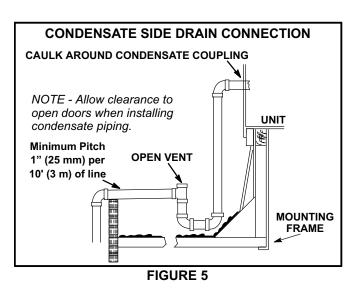
FIGURE 4

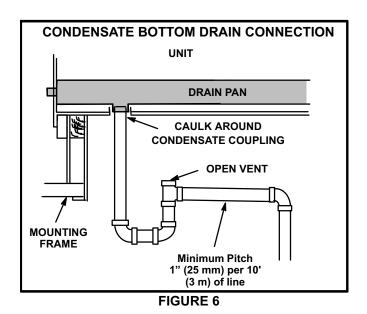
Condensate Drains

Make drain connection to the drain coupling provided on unit. Older model units have a 3/4" N.P.T. coupling and newer model units have a 1" N.P.T. coupling.

Note - The drain pan is made with a glass reinforced engineered plastic capable of withstanding typical joint torque but can be damaged with excessive force. Tighten pipe nipple hand tight and turn an additional quarter turn.

A trap must be installed between drain connection and an open vent for proper condensate removal. See figure 5 or 6. It is sometimes acceptable to drain condensate onto the roof or grade; however, a tee should be fitted to the trap to direct condensate downward. The condensate line must be vented. Check local codes concerning condensate disposal. Refer to pages 1 and 2 for condensate drain location.





Units are shipped with the drain coupling facing the front of the unit. Condensate can be drained from the back or bottom of the unit with the following modifications. The unit can be installed in either downflow or horizontal air discharge regardless of condensate drain location.

Rear Drain Connection

Remove the condensate drain mullion. See figure 7.
 Remove the two panels on each side of the mullion.

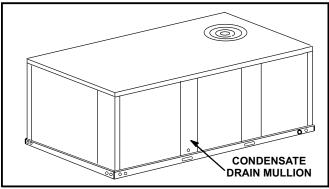


FIGURE 7

Two hinge screws must be removed in addition to the mullion screws. See figure 8.

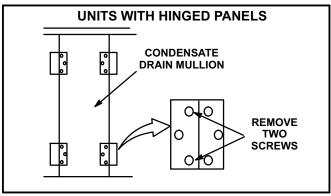


FIGURE 8

2- Lift the front edge of the drain pan and slide pan out of unit. See figure 9.

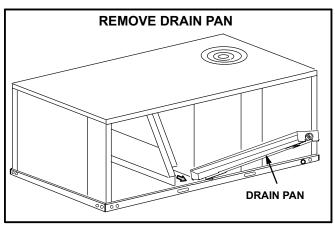


FIGURE 9

- 3- Make sure the cap over the unit bottom drain hole is secure.
- 4- Rotate the drain pan until the downward slope is toward the back of the unit. Slide the drain pan back into the unit. Be careful not to dislodge the cap over the bottom drain hole.
- 5- From the back side of the unit, pull the drain pan coupling through the rear condensate opening.
- 6- Replace the condensate drain mullion.

Bottom Drain Connection

- 1- Remove the condensate drain mullion. See figure 7.
- 2- Lift the front edge of the drain pan and slide pan out of unit. See figure 9.
- 3- Turn the drain pan upside down and drill a pilot hole through the bottom of the drain pan in the center of the coupling. See figure 10.

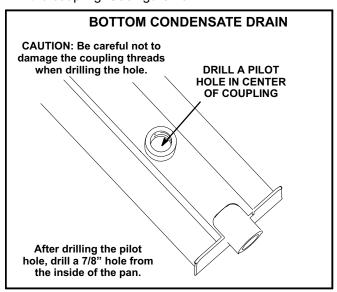


FIGURE 10

- 4- From the inside of the pan, use a Vari-Bit® bit to enlarge the hole to 7/8". Do not damage coupling threads.
- 5- Remove the cap over the unit bottom drain hole.
- 6- Slide the drain pan back into the unit.
- 7- From the back side of the unit, pull the drain pan coupling through the rear condensate opening.
- 8- From the front side of the unit, move the drain pan until the bottom coupling settles into the unit bottom drain opening. Once in place, check to make sure the coupling is still positioned through the rear condensate drain hole.
- 9- Use a field-provided 3/4" plug to seal side drain connection.
- 10- Replace the condensate drain mullion.

Connect Gas Piping (Gas Units)

Before connecting field-provided piping, check with gas company or authorities having jurisdiction for local code requirements. When installing gas supply piping, length of run from gas meter must be considered in determining pipe size for 0.5" w.c. (.12kPa) maximum pressure drop. Do not use supply pipe smaller than unit gas connection. Operating pressures at the unit gas connection must be as shown in table 1.

TABLE 1
OPERATING PRESSURE AT GAS CONNECTION "w.c.

	Natura	al Gas	LP / Prop	ane Gas
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
024-060	4.5	10.5	11	13

When making piping connections a drip leg should be installed on vertical pipe runs to serve as a trap for sediment or condensate. A 1/8" N.P.T. plugged tap is located on gas valve for test gauge connection. Refer to Heating Start-Up section for tap location. Install a ground joint union between the gas control manifold and the main manual shut-off valve. See figure 11 for gas supply piping entering outside the unit. Figure 12 shows complete bottom gas entry piping.

Compounds used on threaded joints of gas piping shall be resistant to the action of liquified petroleum gases.

Do not use Teflon® tape to seal gas piping. Use a moderate amount of pipe compound on the gas pipe only. Make sure the two end threads are bare.

ACAUTION

If a flexible gas connector is required or allowed by the authority that has jurisdiction, black iron pipe shall be installed at the gas valve and extend outside the furnace cabinet.

▲WARNING

Do not exceed 600 in-lbs (50 ft.-lbs) torque when attaching the gas piping to the gas valve.

AIMPORTANT

Compounds used on threaded joints of gas piping must be resistant to the actions of liquified petroleum gases.

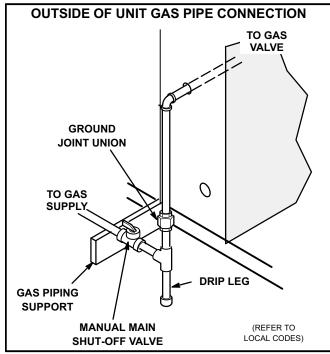


FIGURE 11

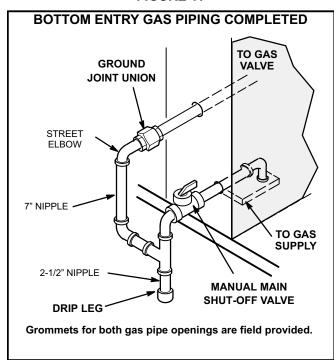


FIGURE 12

Pressure Test Gas Piping (Gas Units)

When pressure testing gas lines, the gas valve must be disconnected and isolated. Gas valves can be damaged if subjected to more than 0.5 psig (3.48kPa). See figure 13.

NOTE-Codes may require that manual main shut-off valve and union (furnished by installer) be installed in gas line external to unit. Union must be of the ground joint type.

After all connections have been made, check all piping connections for gas leaks. Also check existing unit gas connections up to the gas valve; loosening may occur during installation. Use a leak detection solution or other preferred means. Do not use matches candles or other sources of ignition to check for gas leaks.

ACAUTION

Some soaps used for leak detection are corrosive to certain metals. Carefully rinse piping thoroughly after leak test has been completed. Do not use matches, candles, flame or othe sources of ignition to check for gas leaks.

AWARNING



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or product or property damage. Do not use matches, candles, flame or other sources of ignition to check for leaks.

NOTE-In case emergency shut down is required, turn off the main manual shut-off valve and disconnect main power to unit. These devices should be properly labeled by the installer.

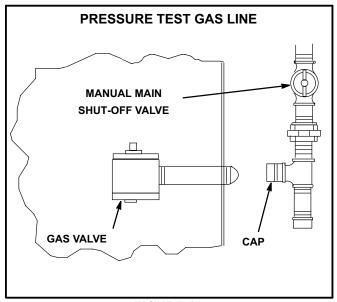


FIGURE 13

High Altitude Derate

Locate the high altitude conversion sticker in the unit literature bag. Fill out the conversion sticker and affix next to the unit nameplate. High altitude kits are available for field-installation.

Refer to table 2 for high altitude adjustments.

TABLE 2 HIGH ALTITUDE DERATE

Altitude Ft.*	Gas Manifold Pressure
2000-4500	See Unit Nameplate
4500 And Above	Derate 2% / 1000 Ft. Above Sea Level

^{*}Units installed at 0-2000 feet do not need to be modified.

NOTE - This is the only permissible derate for these units.

Download Mobile Service App

A-Mobile Device Requirements

- Android hardware requires 2GB RAM and a 2Ghz core processor. Tablets are supported.
- Minimum Android 6.0 (Marshmallow) or higher.
 Recommend Android 10 and Apple products require iOS version 11 or higher.

B-New Installations

Once the app is downloaded, refer to the Setup Guide provided with this unit to pair the app to the unit control system. Follow the setup wizard prompts to configure the unit. See figure 14 for the app menu overview. If a mobile device is unavailable or not pairing, refer to the Unit Controller Setup Guide for start-up instructions.

Electrical Connections - Power Supply

Do not apply power or close disconnect switch until installation is complete. Refer to start-up directions. Refer closely to unit wiring diagram.

Refer to unit nameplate for minimum circuit ampacity and maximum fuse size.

1- Units are factory-wired for 230 / 460 / 575 volt supply. For 208V supply, remove the insulated terminal cover from the 208V terminal on the control transformer.

- Move the wire from the transformer 240V terminal to the 208V terminal. Place the insulated terminal cover on the unused 240V terminal.
- 2- Route power through the bottom power entry area and connect to L1, L2, and L3 on the top of K1 in control area above compressor. Secure power wiring with factory-installed wire ties provided in control box. Route power to TB2 on units equipped with electric heat. Route power to S48 or CB10 If unit is equipped with the optional disconnect switch or circuit breaker. See unit wiring diagram.

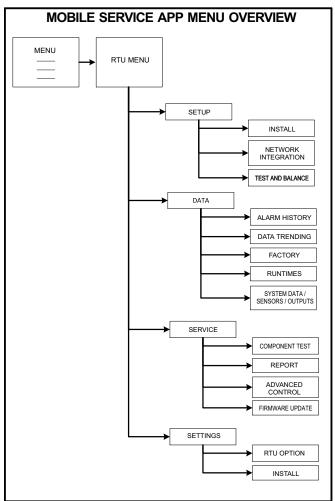


FIGURE 14

Electrical Connections - Control Wiring

NOTE - Optional wireless sensors are available for use with this unit. Refer to the instructions provided with each sensor.

ACAUTION

Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions during unit installation and service to protect the electronic controls. Precautions will help to avoid control exposure to electrostatic discharge by putting the unit, the control and the technician at the same electrostatic potential. Neutralize electrostatic charge by touching hands and all tools on an unpainted unit surface, such as the gas valve or blower deck, before performing any service procedure.

A-Thermostat Location

Room thermostat mounts vertically on a standard 2" X 4" handy box or on any non-conductive flat surface.

Locate thermostat approximately 5 feet (1524mm) above the floor in an area with good air circulation at average temperature. Avoid locating the room thermostat where it might be affected by:

- -drafts or dead spots behind doors and in corners
- -hot or cold air from ducts
- -radiant heat from sun or appliances
- -concealed pipes and chimneys

B-Control Wiring

The Unit Controller will operate the unit from a thermostat or zone sensor based on the System Mode. The default System Mode is the thermostat mode. Refer to the Unit Controller Setup Guide to change the System Mode. Use the mobile service app menu and select Settings > Install.

Thermostat Mode

 Route thermostat cable or wires from subbase to control area above compressor (refer to unit dimensions to locate bottom and side power entry).

IMPORTANT - Unless field thermostat wires are rated for maximum unit voltage, they must be routed away from line voltage wiring. Use wire ties located near the lower left corner of the controls mounting panel to secure thermostat cable.

Use18 AWG wire for all applications using remotely installed electro-mechanical and electronic thermostats.

- 2- Install thermostat assembly in accordance with instructions provided with thermostat.
- 3- Connect thermostat wiring to Unit Controller on the lower side of the controls hat section.
- 4- Wire as shown in figure 15 for electro-mechanical and electronic thermostats. If using other temperature control devices or energy management systems see instructions and wiring diagram provided by manufacturer.

IMPORTANT-Terminal connections at the wall plate or subbase must be made securely. Loose control wire connections may allow unit to operate but not with proper response to room demand.

Zone Sensor Mode

The Unit Controller will operate heating and cooling based on the Unit Controller internal setpoints and the temperature from the A2 zone sensor. An optional Network Control Panel (NCP) can also be used to provide setpoints. A thermostat or return air sensor can be used as a back-up mode. Make zone sensor wiring connections as shown in figure 16.

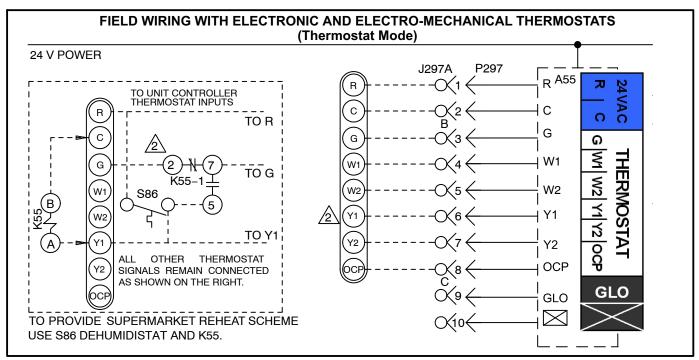


FIGURE 15

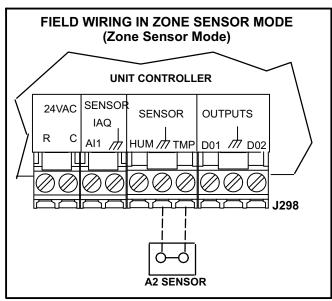


FIGURE 16

Balance Point Setpoint

When outdoor air temperature is above setpoint (35°F default), the unit will operate in heat pump mode. When outdoor air temperature falls below setpoint, the unit will operate in gas heat mode.

Note - Only stage one is used; stage 2 is not used.

Although the recommended balance point setpoint is 35°F, the setpoint can be adjusted. Weigh the comfort / cost benefit when increasing the setpoint.

Unit Power-Up

A-General

- 1- Make sure that unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- 2- Inspect all electrical wiring, both field and factory installed, for loose connections. Tighten as required.
- 3- Check to ensure that refrigerant lines do not rub against the cabinet or against other refrigerant lines.
- 4- Check voltage at main unit power connection. Voltage must be within range listed on nameplate. If not, consult power company and have voltage condition corrected before starting unit.
- 5- Make sure filters are in place before start-up.
- 6- Make sure there is no heating, cooling, or blower demand from thermostat. Apply power to unit.

Blower Operation and Adjustments

AIMPORTANT

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially for correct compressor and blower rotation. Follow "COOLING START-UP" section of installation instructions to ensure proper compressor and blower operation.

A-Blower Operation

Refer to the Unit Controller Setup Guide to energize blower. Use the mobile service app menu; see RTU MENU>COMPONENT TEST>BLOWER>START TEST

AWARNING

- 1-Make sure that unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- 2-Inspect all electrical wiring, both field- and factory-installed, for loose connections. Tighten as required.
- 3-Check to ensure that refrigerant lines do not rub against the cabinet or against other refrigerant lines.
- 4-Check voltage at disconnect switch. Voltage must be within range listed on nameplate. If not, consult power company and have voltage condition corrected before starting unit.
- 5-Make sure filters are new and in place before start-up.

Direct-drive motor may not immediately stop when power is interrupted to the Unit Controller. Disconnect unit power before opening the blower compartment. The Controller's digital inputs must be used to shut down the blower. See Unit Controller manual for operation sequences.

B-Determining Unit CFM

- 1- The following measurements must be made with air filters in place.
- 2- With all access panels in place, measure static pressure external to unit (from supply to return). Blower performance data is based on static pressure readings taken in locations shown in figure 17.

Note - Static pressure readings can vary if not taken where shown.

- 3- Measure the indoor blower wheel RPM.
- 4- Referring to the Blower Data tables, use static pressure and RPM readings to determine unit CFM. Use the Accessory Air Resistance tables when installing units with any of the options or accessories listed. Refer to table 3 for minimum airflow when electric heat is installed.

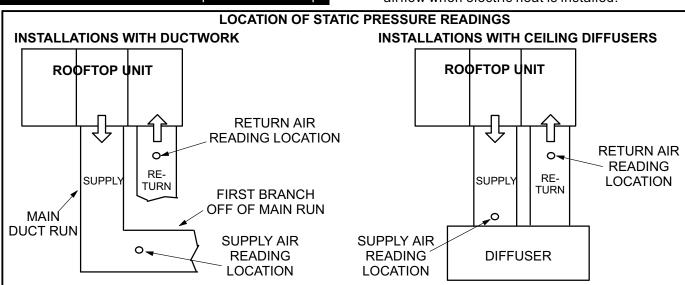


FIGURE 17

5- From the mobile service app, use TEST & BALANCE> BLOWER menu to modify the following blower parameters:

•HEATING HIGH CFM

This is the percentage of torque for blower heating speed.

•HEATING LOW CFM

This is the percentage of torque for blower heating low speed on single phase gas heating units only.

•COOLING HIGH CFM

This is the percentage of torque for blower cooling high speed. For 024 units, this is the only cooling speed.

•COOLING LOW CFM

This is the percentage of torque for blower cooling low speed (036, 048, and 060 units only) and vent speed for standard static blowers (all units).

VENTILATION CFM

This is the percentage of torque for high static blower ventilation speed.

TABLE 3
ELECTRIC HEAT MINIMUM AIRFLOW

	CF	M
kW	Direct Drive	Direct Drive (Impeller-Style)
5	600	NA
7.5	600	1200
10	600	NA
15	1100	1500
22.5	1600	2000

C-Adjusting Unit CFM

The supply CFM can be adjusted by changing Unit Controller settings. Refer to table 4 for menu paths and default settings. Record any CFM changes on the parameter settings label located on the inside of the compressor access panel.

IMPORTANT - The default value for Cooling Low CFM is lower than a traditional singe- or two-speed blower. If operating the unit with a 2- or 3-stage controller (2- or 3-stage thermostat, DDC controller, etc.), it is recommended to increase the Cooling Low CFM default value to a suitable level for part load cooling (typically 60% of full load CFM).

TABLE 4 DIRECT DRIVE PARAMETER SETTINGS - 581102-01

	024	-072 Parameter Settings
Parameter	Field Setting	Description
Note: Any changes to Smoke CFM PARAMETERS = 12 for EBM, 6 for		sted before the other CFM settings. Use SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT
BLOWER SMOKE CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower smoke speed.
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > BLC	WER	
BLOWER HEATING HIGH CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower heating high speed.
BLOWER HEATING LOW CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower heating low speed (P volt gas heat only).
BLOWER COOLING HIGH CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower cooling high speed.
BLOWER COOLING LOW CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower cooling low speed and vent speed for standard static blowers.
BLOWER VENTILATION CFM	%	Percentage of torque for high static blower ventilation speed.
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > DAM	/IPER	
BLOWER HIGH CFM DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for high speed blower operation. Default 0%.
BLOWER LOW CFM DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for low speed blower operation. Default 0%.
POWER EXHAUST DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for low power exhaust operation. Default 50%.
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT	PARAMETERS = 216	
POWER EXHAUST DEADBAND %	%	Deadband % for power exhaust operation. Default 10%.
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT	PARAMETERS = 10 (Applies to Thermostat Mode ONLY)
FREE COOLING STAGE-UP DELAY	sec	Number of seconds to hold blower at low speed before switching to blower at high speed. Default 300 seconds.

Installer: Record any parameter changes under "Field Setting" column. Settings need to be recorded by installer for use when Unit Controller is replaced or reprogrammed.

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes:

BLOWER DATA

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE. FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.).

See page 23 for wet coil and options/accessory	3 23 for	wet co	il and	options/a	access		air resistance data	ance u	ala.																	
DOWNFLOW	NO.																									
External											Perc	Percentage	of	Total Mo	Motor Tor	Torque										
Static		%07		r)	30%		-	40%		2(20%		9	%09		%02	%		80%			%06		7	100%	
Press. in. w.g.	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm W	Watts	RPM	Cfm V	Watts	RPM	Cfm Wa	Watts RF	RPM Cf	Cfm Wa	Watts RPM	M Cfm	m Watts	ts RPM	/ Cfm	ו Watts	S RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm V	Watts	RPM
0	819	47	403	1006	62	463	1192	111	523 1	1335 1	152 5	573 14	1477 1	193 622	1580	30 236	5 661	1682	2 279	669	1812	353	753	1876	400	783
0.1	723	48			\vdash		1114	116		-			-	202 681				1629		-		_	_	1835	414	824
0.2	636	51	595	840	88	613	1044	124	660 1	1201	-	699 13	1357 2	213 738	1470	-	8 769	1582	2 303	799	1726	380	841	1797	429	865
0.3	557	22	641	<u> </u>		683	981	134		1144	-			226 794	1423	_	3 821	1540	319	848			885	1761	446	906
0.4	485	65	713	704 1	106	750	923	146	787 1	1091		818 12	1259 2	241 848	1380	30 289	9 872	1500	336	895	1653	415	929	1725	463	948
0.5	418	73	783	644	116	815	870	158	846 1	1043 2		873 12	1215 2	256 900	1339	39 305	5 921	1462	2 353	942	1618	433	973	1689	481	991
9.0	355	82	849	587 1	127	928	819	171	903	996 2		927 11	1173 2	272 950	50 1299	99 321	1 969	1425	5 370	186	1582	451	1016	1651	499	1034
0.7		:	:	:			692	184	957	950 23		978 11	1131 28	287 998	1259	59 337	7 1015	5 1387	7 387	1032	1544	468	1058	1610	516	1077
0.8		:	1	:	1 1	1 1	720	195	~	904 2		1026 10	1088	301 1044	44 1218	18 352	2 1060	0 1347	7 403	1075	1503	484	1101	1565	531	1121
0.9	1	!	1 1	:	1 1	1 1	029	206	1057	857 2		1073 10	1043 3	314 1088	88 1173	73 366	5 1102	2 1303	3 417	1116	1458	498	1142	!	:	;
age							617	214	1102	806 2		1116 99	994 3;	324 113	1130 1125	25 376	5 1144	1255	5 428	1157	1406	510	1184			1 1
1.1		-					561	219	1145 7	751 2	276 11	1157 94	941 3	332 1169	59 1071	71 384	4 1183	3 1200	0 436	1196	1347	518	1225			
1.2	1	:	1	:	1 1	1	200	221	1185 6	691 2	278 11	1196 88	881 3	335 1207	07 1010	10 388	8 1221	1 1139	9 441	1234	1280	522	1265	:	1	:
1.3	1	!	1	:	1 1	1	:	1 1	:	!	1	81	814 3	335 1242	42 942	2 388	8 1256	9 1069	9 441	1270		1	:	:	1 1	-
1.4	1	!	1	:	1 1	1	:	1 1	:	:	:	:	738 33	330 1276	76 864	4 384	1291	1 989	437	1305		1	!	:	1 1	!
HORIZONTAL	NTAL																									
External											Perc	entage	e of To	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	tor Tor	enb.										
Static		%07		ဧ	30%			40%		5(20%		9	%09		%02	%		80%			%06		1	100%	
Press. in. w.g.	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm W	Watts	RPM	Cfm V	Watts	RPM C	Cfm Wa	Watts RF	RPM Cf	Cfm Wa	Watts RPM	M Cfm	m Watts	ts RPM	/ Cfm	ี Watts	s RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm V	Watts	RPM
0	794	45	388	026	92		1146	107	519 1	1281 1		575 14	1416 1	191 630	1522	22 110	0 678	1627	7 293	726	1715	351	768	1802	408	810
0.1	709	44	460	895	78	519	1080	111	577 1	1223 1	_		1366 19	199 677	7 1477	77 251	1 721	1588	3 303	764	1681	362	804	1773	420	843
0.2	630	46	531				1019	117		1169 1				208 723		35 262			\Box	-			841	1743	434	878
0.3	556	51	602	_		949	-	125	-	1117 1	_			219 769	_		-			-			-	1714	448	912
0.4	486	28	671	969	97	602	\dashv	135	746 1	1068 1	184 78		_	232 815			\dashv	1481	1 343	880	\neg	403	\neg	1683	-	948
0.5	420	99	740	637 1	107	771	854	147		1021 19			1188 2		30 1317			1446	3 357	919		418	951	1652	478	983
9.0							_	159	856 6	946 2			1147 2	259 905	1279	79 316		1410	0 372	958	1514	432	686	1618	492	1019
0.7							226	172	910 8	932 22	223 93	930 11	1107 2	273 949	1241	11 330	0 973	1374	4 386	966	1478	446	1026	1582	206	1055
0.8		-					602	185	962 8	888 23	236 9.	978 10	1066 28	287 993	1201	344	4 1014	4 1336	3 400	1034	1440	460	1063	1544	519	1091
6.0							663	197	1013 8	844 2		1025 10	1025 3	300 1036	36 1161	31 357	7 1054	4 1296	3 413	1072	1399	472	1100	1502	230	1127
1.0			1 1 1									98	982 3	313 1078	78 1118	18 369	9 1094	4 1254	4 424	1109	1355	482	1136	1456	540	1163
1.1					:	:		:		:			-	323 1119	-		-	-	3 434		-		$\overline{}$		-	1198
1.2		1 1	1		:	1 1				-	1	86	892 3:	332 1158		26 387	7 1170	0 1159	9 441	1182	1255	497	1208	1351	553	1233
1.3	-	-	!	:	!	!	:	!	-	1	:	:	\dashv	340 1197		\dashv	\dashv	7 1106	\dashv	1216		-	1242	1290	\neg	1268
1.4	1 1	1 1	:	1	1	1 1	1 1	1	1 1	1	1	75	790 3	344 1234	34 920	0 396	-	1242 1049	9 448	1250	1137	501	1276	1224	553	1302

BLOWER DATA

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.).

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

Standard Heat - 1075 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat - 1500 cfm

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes:

See page 23 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data. **DOWNFLOW**

	80% 100%	Watts RPM Cfm Watts RPM Cfm Watts	3 2304 852 964 2354 936	2277 860 980 2339 951	873 999 2328 969	1019 2319 991	1042 2311 1014	2301 1039	2288 1063	2270 1085	2246 1104	1119	1 1				1		100%	/atts	925	926	932	941	1		1	:	-	:	:	:	:	!
-		RPM Cfm Watts RPM Cfm	2304 852 964	860 880	666	1019	-		2288	270	46	2							~	_<	\vdash				_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	
-		RPM Cfm Watts	2304 852	098			342		. 4	22	22,	2212	-		-	-	1 1			Cfm Watts	2283	2255	2231	2209	1 1 1	:		:			:		1	1
-		RPM Cfm Watts	2304	_	873	П	7	1066	1092	1118	1145	1173	1200	1227	1254	1280	1305			RPM	975	992	1012	1033	1054	1077	1101	1125	1150	1175	1201	1226	1250	1075
-	%08	RPM Cfm		77		891	913	936	096	983	1005	1024	1038	1047	1050	1044	1029		%06	Cfm Watts	844	852	864	\rightarrow		_	935	955	974	992	1008	1021	1031	1037
-	%08	RPM		22	2256	2240	2226	2214	2201	2185	2164	2138	2104	2060	2004	1935	1851			Cfm	2196	2179	2163	2149	2134	2119	2102	2084	2063	2039	2011	1979	_	1807
-	%08		896	916	939	963	686	1016	1045	1073	1103	1132	1161	1189	1217	1244	1269			RPM	918	938	\rightarrow			_	1058		1111	1137	1163	1189		1230
-		8	684	685	693	707	725	747	220	194	818	840	829	874	883	988	881		%08		869	704	714	\neg	\rightarrow	\neg	782	_	823	843	861	\dashv	_	aoa
r Torque		Cfm V	2161	2119	2086	2059	2038	2020	2004	1988	1970	1948	1920	1885	1841	1786	1718			Cfm Watts	2087	2061	2039	2018	1999	1980	1960	1940	1919	1895	1869	1839	_	1766
r Torque		RPM	844	898	894	921	950	979	1011	1041	1073	1104	1135	1166	1195	1223	1250			RPM	864	888	\rightarrow	-		_	1019	-	1076	1104	1132	1160		1012
r Torque	%02	Watts	581	278	583	595	611	631	654	. 829	203	726	747	765	777	784	783		%02		588	592	601	613	629		. 999	_	. 902	727	745	761	_	785
12	-	Cfm V	2041	1990	1949	1916	1890	1868	1849	1831	1813	1792	1766	1734	695	1646	1585	ordile		Cfm Watts	1972	1941		_	_	-	1821	_	1776	1751	724	1694	1660	1622
oto		RPM	792 2	819 1	848 1	878 1	910 1	942 1	976 1	1009 1	1043 1	1076 1	1109 1		1173 1	1202 1	1230 1	otor 1		RPM	810 1	837 1	\neg		\rightarrow		980	-	1041 1	1071 1	1100 1	-		11 pc 1
otal N	%09	Watts F	477	471 8	473 8	482	496	515	538	562 1	587 1	612 1	635 1	655 1	671 1	681 1	685 1	of Total Motor Torque	%09		478	480	-	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	549	\neg	589 1	610 1	629 1	\dashv		670
ge of 1	v	Cfm M	1920	1860	1811	1772	1741	1715	1693	1674 !	1655	1635 (1612 (1583 (548 (202	1451 (de of 1		Cfm Watts	\vdash	1821	_	_	_	_	1682		1632	1606 (1548 (1515 (1178
centa		RPM (724 1	755 1	788 1	823 1	859 1	895 1	932 1	969 1	1006 1	1043 1	1079 1	1115 1	1149 1	1181 1	1211 1	Percentage		RPM	738 1	768 1			\rightarrow	_	930 1	\neg	997 1	1030 1	1062 1	1095 1		1156 1
Per	20%	Watts R	377 7	366 7	365 2	371 8	383 8	401	423 (447 9	472 1	498 1	523 1	545 1	564 1	578 1	586 1	Per	20%	Watts R	368	368 7	_	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	430 8	-	469 (489 1	508 1	525 1	_	753 1
	2	Cfm W	1747	1677 3	1619 3	1572	1535	1504 4	1478 4	1456 4	1435 4	1415 4	1392 8	1366 5	1334 5	1295	1247		2	Cfm W	1689	1646		-		\dashv	1481 4		1424 4	-	1366 5	\Box		1263 F
		RPM	655 1	691 1	728 1	767 1	807 1	847 1	888 1	929 1	969 1	1010 14	1049 1:	1087 1:	1124 1:	1159 13	1192 13			RPM	\Box		\neg	_		\neg	\dashv	_	953 14	989 1:	1024 1:	-		1106 1
	40%		276 6	261 6	256 7	260 7	270 8	286 8	307 8	331 9	357 9	383 10	410 10	_	456 1	474 1	486 1′		40%		257 6		_	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	-	-	348 9	367 9	386 10	\vdash		133 1
	4	Cfm Watts	1573 2	1493 2	1427 2	1372 2	1328 2	1292 2	1262 3	1237 3	1215 3	1194 3	1172 4	1148 4	1120 4	1085 4	1043 4		4	Cfm Watts	Ш	\rightarrow		-	_	_	-		1216 3	-	1153 3	\square		1017
		RPM C	572 15	614 14	656 14	701 13	746 13	791 12	837 12	883 12	928 12	973 11	1016 11	11	11	10	10			RPM C	\vdash		\rightarrow	_	\neg			_	906 12	946 11	:	-	10	10
	30%	Watts RF	200 5	181 6	172 6	173 7	181 7	195 79	215 8	238 88	264 9;	291 9	319 10				1		30%	atts RI			\dashv	\rightarrow	\dashv	\dashv	-	\dashv	260 90	279 94	1	:	1	
	30	Cfm Wa	1344 20	1253 18	1177 17	1113 17	1061 18	1019 19	983 2	-	929 26	907 28	884 3						36	Cfm Watts		-		-	_	-		\dashv	949 26	914 27		i :	; ;	-
		RPM Cf	488 13	536 12	584 11	634 11	684 10	734 10	785 98	836 96	886 92	935 90	983 88		1		:			RPM Cf	\vdash		\rightarrow	_	\rightarrow	_	766 10	\dashv	828 67	903 97	'	'	:	-
	20%			_						145 83	-			-		'	-		%				\dashv	\rightarrow	\rightarrow	\dashv	\dashv	-	-	-	:	:	:	
	20	Cfm Watts	15 124	12 101	88 98	34 86	94 91	104	122	-	171	199	96 228				:	اب	20%	Cfm Watts	87 111	21 104	\dashv	-	\dashv	\dashv	-	\dashv	32 172	13 191	:	:	:	
a B	Static		1115	1012	926	854	794	745	704	671	643	619	596		-		;	HORIZONTAI External				1021	961	906	855	808	764	722	682	643	1	-	1	
External	J	Press. in. w.g.	1	. 1					9.0	0.7	0.8	6.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	N	Static	Press. in. w.g.	1	0.1	0.2	0.3	9.0	0.5	9.0	0.7	0.8	6.0	1.0		1.2	۲,

Standard Heat - 1075 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat - 1500 cfm

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes:

BLOWER DATA

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.). 2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

See page 23 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data. **DOWNFLOW**

Externa	lal										Pe	rcenta	ige of	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	lotor	Torque											
Static	ا د	20%			30%			40%			20%			%09			%02		_ w	%08		5	%06		_	100%	
Press. in. w.g.	cfm g.	Watts	Watts RPM	_	Cfm Watts RPM	RPM	Cfm	Watts RPM		Cfm	Natts	RPM	Cfm \	Watts RPM	-	Cfm	Watts F	RPM	Cfm Watts	/atts R	RPM	Cfm W	Watts	RPM	Cfm V	Watts	RPM
0	1101	120	-	494 1328	196	578	1555	272	. 299	1728	374	731	1901	475	800	2023	280	852 2	2145 (684 6	903 2	2292	854	970	2348	942	866
0.1	1002	66	541	1241	180	620	1479	260	869	1662	366	. 692	1845	471	827 1	1976	929	876 2	2106 (687 8	924	2268 8	865	287	2334	. 856	1013
0.2	918	88	589	1167	173	663	1416	257	. 982	1608	366	. 962	1800	475	856 1	1938	989	902 2	2076 (697	947	2249 8	880 1	1006	2324	. 826	1031
0.3	848	98	638	1106	174	902	1364	261	774	1564	373	830	1763	485	886 1	1907	669	929 2	2051	712 9	972 2	2234 8	899 1	1028	2316 1	1000	1052
0.4	790	92	688	1056	183	751	1321	273	814	1527	387	. 998	1733	501	918	1882	617	958 2	2031	732 8	866	2221 (921 1	1051	2307 1	1024	1074
0.5	742	105	738	1015	197	962	1287	289	854	1498	405	902	1709	520	950	1862	637	988	2014	754 1	1025 2	2208	944	1076	2296 1	1048	1099
9.0	703	124	788	981	217	841	1258	310	894	1473	427	626	1688	543	984	1843	660 1	1019 1	1998	777	1053 2194		968 1	1101	2281 1071		1124
0.7	670	146	838	952	240	887	1233	334	935	1451	451	926	1669	568 1	1017	1826	685 1	1050 1	1982	801 1	1082 2177		991	1128	2260 1	1092	1151
0.8	642	172	888	927	266	932	1211	360	975	1431	477	1013	1650	593 1	1051 1	1807	709 1	1081	1963 8	825 1	1111	2155 1	1012 1	1155 2	2233	1109	1178
0.9	618	200	937	904	294	926	1190	387	1015	1410	505	1050	1629	617 1	1084 1	1785	732 1	1112 1	1940	846 1	1140	2127 1	1029 1	1182	!!!	:	1 1
1.0 D	262	229	985	882	321	1020	1168	413	1054	1387	526	1086	1605	639	1117 1	1758	752 1	1143 1	1911	864 1	1169 2	2090 1	1042 1	1209		-	
ag							1144	437	1092	1360	548	1120	1576	629 1	1148 1	1725	769 1	1173 1	1874	878 1	1197 2	2043 1	1049 1	1236			1 1
a 1.2							1115	458	1129	1328	. 999	1154	1540	674 1	1179 1	1685	780 1	1202 1	1829	886 1;	1225 1	1985 1	1049 1	1262			1 1
0 1.3							1080	475	1163	1288	219	1186	1496	683 1	1208 1	1634	785 1	1230 1	1772 8	887 13	1251 1	1913 1	1042 1	1288		-	
4.1	:	1	1	1 1	1	1 1	1037	487	1196	1239	. 285	1216	1441	686 1	1236 1	1572	783 1	1256 1	1703 8	880 13	1275 1	1826 1	1024 1	1312	1 1	:	
MUNICIANT	INTINO.																										

	100%	Watts RPM	926 1009	928 1026	935 1044	945 1063	1 1 1 1				1					
		Cfm	2268	2242	2218	2196	:	;		:	:	:	1 1	:	:	
		RPM	995	1011	1029	1048	1069	1090	1113	1136	1160	1185	1209	1233	1257	1001
	%06	Cfm Watts RPM	882	887	895	206	922	938	922	972	686	1004	1017	1028	1034	1006
		Cfm	2216	2194	2175	1007 2157	1030 2139	1054 2121	1079 2102	1104 2081	1129 2058	1154 2031 1004	1179 2001 1017 1209	1204 1966 1028 1233	1228 1925 1034	4070
		RPM	944	964	985	1007	1030	1054	1079	1104	1129	1154	1179	1204	1228	1050
	%08	Watts RPM	757	757	762	772	784	799	815	833	851	898	884	868	606	7 7
		Cfm	2131	2098	2069	2042	2018	1995	1972	1949	1925	1900	1872	1841	1806	1707
			884	906	930	955	086	1007	1034 1972	1061 1949	716 1088 1925	1116 1900	1106 1713 751 1143 1872	1170 1841	1196 1806	700 1101 1767 017 1060 1070 1001
a	%02	Watts RPM	623	623	627	989	648	663	629	869	716	734	751	992	779	700
Percentage of Total Motor Torque		Cfm	1993	1956	1923	1893	1866	1841	1816	1792	1767	600 1077 1741 734	1713	1682	1647	
Motor		RPM	823	848	874	902	930	929	988	1018	581 1047 1767	1077	1106	1135	1163 1647	77007
Total	%09	Watts RPM	489	488	492	200	512	526	543	562	581	009	618	634	648	010
age of		Cfm	1854	1814	1777	1744	1714	1687	1660	1634	1608	1581	1553	1522	1488	1151
rcent		RPM	746	775	805	836	898	901	934	296	1000 1608	1033 1581	1066 1553	1098 1522	1129 1488	7777
P.	20%	Watts RPM	363	361	364	372	384	399	416	435	455	475	494	511	527	0 7 1
		Cfm	1670	1626	1585	1548	1515	1484	1455	1427	1399	1371	1341	1310	1276	1000
		RPM	899	701	735	770	908	842	879	916	953	686	1025 1341	1060 1310	1095 1276	4400
	40%	Watts RPM	237	234	236	244	256	271	288	308	328	349	369	388	405	120
		Cfm	1486	1437	1392	1352	1315	1281	827 1249	1219	910 1189	1160	1129	1097	1063	1000
		RPM	585	624	663	703	744	785	827	869	910	951	1 1	:	:	
	30%	Watts RPM	175	172	174	181	193	209	227	247	268	290	1	1	1	
		Cfm	1282	1227	1177	1133	1092	1054	1019	986	954	922	1 1	1 1	1 1	
		RPM	502	546	591	636	682	728	775	821	867	913	1 1	:	1	
	20%	Watts RPM	113	109	111	118	130	146	165	185	208	231	1 1	1 1	1 1	
		Cfm	1077	1016	962	913	898	827	789	752	718	684	1 1	:	1	
External	Static	Press. in. w.g.	0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	9.0	0.7	0.8	6.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	7.0

1.5 HP | 3 ROW (036, 048)

BLOWER DATA

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.).

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

Standard Heat - 1075 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat - 1500 cfm

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes:

See page 23 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data.

DOWNFLOW

دَ		\$											1														
	Total											10[al Stat	Iotal Static Pressure	saure -	- In. W.g	}										
	Air	0.1	_	0.2	7	0	0.3	O.	0.4	0.5	2	9.0	-	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.2		1.3	
	cfm	RPM	RPM Watts	RPM	RPM Watts	RPM	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	RPM Wat	ts	RPM V	Watts	RPM V	Watts F	RPM W	Watts F	RPM W	Watts R	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	_	RPM W	Watts R	RPM W	Watts
	400	718	19	803	41	878	09	1	:	1	:	:	1	1	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	1
	009	845	20	929	72	1008	92	1080	111	1149	127	1226	129	1307	126 1	1386	124	:		!		:	:			-	
	800	971	62	1057	101	1138	123	1214	143	1286	160	1362	168	1439	173 1	1510	181	1574	197 1	1630 2	220 16	1681 2	250 1	1731 2	279 17	1779 3	307
	1000	1136	113	1215	135	1293	157	1367	177	1438	196	1510	209	1579	222	1642	239 1	1697	263 1	1747	293 17	1796 3	324	1844 3	353 18	1890 3	379
	1200	1335	151	1406	172	1476	193	1544	213	1611	232	1675	250	1735	272 1	1788	299 1	1834	332 1	1878 3	368 19	1923 4	400 1	1970 4	428 20	2015 4	454
	1400	1560	177	1617	204	1675	231	1732	257	1788	283	1841	310	1891	339 1	1936	371 1	1978 4	405 2	2019 4	439 20	2063 4	469 2	2108 4	496 2	2152 5	522
	1600	1742	245	1792	278	1842	311	1892	344	1940	376	1988	406	2035	434 2	2080	461 2	2125 4	486 2	2169	513 22	2213 5	541 2	2256 5	570 22	2297 6	601
	1800	1922	330	1970	363	2017	395	2064	426	2110	457	2155	485	2200	512 2	2244	539 2	2287	568 2	2328 6	600 23	2369 6	634 2	2408 6	671 24	2447 7	708
	2000	2112	405	2158	438	2202	471	2246	503	2289	536	2331	568	2373	602 2	2413 (640 2	2452 (681 2	2490 7	723 25	2527 7	766 2	2564 8	809 28	2599 8	851
ge	2200	2305	493	2347	531	2389	569	2429	809	2469	648	2508	691	2546	737 2	2582	784 2	2619	832 2	2654 8	878 26	2690 9	923 2	2724 9	965 27	2758 1	1007
	2400	2499	617	2539	099	2578	704	2615	748	2652	794	2688	841	2722	890 2	2757	939 2	2791 9	986 2	2825 1	1031 28	2858 10	1075 2	2891 1	1117 29	2923 1	1158
	2600	2697	773	2733	818	2769	864	2803	911	2837	957	2871	1005	2903	1052 2	2936 1	1099 2	2968	1143 3	3000	1186 30	3031 12	1228	3062 12	1270 30	3092	1311
	2800	2896	944	2929	066	2962	1036	2993	1082	3025	1128	3056	1173	3087	1216 3	3118 1	1259 3	3147 1	1300 3	3177 1	1341 32	3206 13	1382 3	3236 14	1423 33	3264 1	1463
	3000	3093	1115	3124	1160	3154	1205	3184	1249	3214	1293	3243	1335	3272	1376 3	3300 1	1416 3	3327 1	1456 3	3355 1	1495 33	3383 1	1536 3	3410 1	1576 34	3437 1	1615
'						۲	tal Sta	Total Static Pressure - in. w.g.	ssure	- in. w																	
<	Total Air ofm	1.4	4	1.5	2	_	1.6		1.7	1.8	8	1.9		2.0													
ί.		RPM	Watts	RPM	RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM Watts	RPM Watt	S	RPM	Watts	RPM	Watts												
	800	1826	333	:	:	!	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:												
	1000	1935	403	1979	424	2021	444	2064	494	2106	485	2149	209	2191	533												
	1200	2058	476	2100	498	2142	518	2184	541	2226	292	2267	592	2308	619												
	1400	2194	548	2235	574	2275	601	2316	629	2356	658	2395	689	2433	720												
	1600	2337	632	2377	999	2415	869	2453	233	2490	892	2527	803 2	2563	839												
	1800	2484	746	2521	785	2557	824	2592	863	2627	905	2661	942	2695	981												
	2000	2634	894	2668	935	2701	977	2735	1018	2768	1058	2802	1099	2834	1139												
	2200	2790	1049	2823	1090	2855	1130	2887	1170	2919	1210	2952	1250 2	2984	1289												
	2400	2954	1200	2986	1240	3017	1280	3048	1320	3080	1360	3111	1399	3142	1437												
	2600	3123	1351	3153	1391	3184	1431	3215	1470	3245	1509	3276	1548	3306	1586												
	2800	3294	1502	3323	1542	3352	1580	3382	1619	3412	1658	3442	1696	3472	1734												
	3000	3464	1653	3492	1691	3520	1729	1729 3549	1767	3578	1805	3608	1844	3638	1882												

BLOWER DATA

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.).

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

Standard Heat - 1075 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat - 1500 cfm

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes:

See page 23 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data.

HORIZONTAL

F	-											Tot	Total Static Pressure - in. w.g.	C Pres	ssure -	in. w.c											
_ `	Air	0.1	-	0.2	7	0.3	က	0.4	4	0.5	IO.	9.0		0.7	2	0.8		0.9	_	1.0	_	1.		1.2		1.3	
J	cfm	RPM	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	1	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM Watts	1	RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM V	Watts
4	400	708	16	793	37	872	53		:		-	:	:	-	-	:		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
9	009	835	46	918	9	1000	82	1077	92	1149	107	1221	109	-	:	:		-	-	:	-	:	:	-	-	:	:
ω	800	981	75	1064	92	1144	109	1221	124	1294	139	1365	148	1434	154	1497	163	1555	179	1607	200	1656	226	1704	254	:	:
=	1000	1166	105	1241	124	1315	141	1387	159	1454	176	1520	191	1582	207	1638	227	1689	252	1737	279	1783	308	1829	335 1	1873	362
-	1200	1374	142	1440	162	1506	182	1569	203	1630	224	1687	246	1739	271	1787	299	1832	330	1876	361	1920	391	1964	419 2	2007	444
+	1400	1591	183	1647	209	1701	235	1755	263	1806	291	1854	320	1899	351	1942	382	1984	412	2026	442	2068	469	2110	496	2153	520
`	1600	1778	258	1827	290	1876	323	1923	355	1970	386	2015	416 2	2059	444	2102	470 2	2144	494	2185	519	2227	545	2268	572 2	2309	009
Pag	1800	1973	352	2018	383	2063	415	2107	445	2151	476	2194	504	2237	531	2279	222 2	2319	584	2359	613	2397	645	2435	679	2471	713
	2000	2182	437	2224	468	2265	499	2306	531	2346	563	2385	2969	2424	630	2461	999	2496	705	2530	745	2564	982	2598	826 2	2631	998
	2200	2388	540	2426	929	2464	613	2500	651	2536	691	2571	731 2	2605	774	2637	819	2668	863	2700	206	2732	949	2764	990	2795	1029
2	2400	2589	629	2624	119	2658	761	2691	803	2724	846	2756	890 2	2786	935	2816	086	2846	1025	2876	1068	2907	1109	2937	1149 2	2967	1188
2	2600	2787	845	2819	288	2850	930	2881	973	2911	1017	2941	1090 2	2970	1104	2999	1147 3	3028	1189 3	3057	1230	3087	1270				
2	2800	2983	1021	3013	1063	3042	1106	3070	1149	3099	1191																
						ᅌ	tal Sta	tic Pre	Total Static Pressure - in.	- in. w.g.	Ö																
- i	lotal Air cfm	1.4	4	7	1.5	1.6	9	1.7	7	1.8	æ	1.9	•	2.0	0												
	5	RPM	RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM Watts	RPM Watts	Watts	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	Watts												

2246 2387

BLOWER DATA

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.). 2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

See page 23 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data.

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes:

Standard Heat - 1075 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat - 1500 cfm

DOW	DOWNFLOW	i i	5						j																
Total	_										Total	Total Static Pressure	Pressu	re - in. w.g	۸.g.										
Air		0.1	0.	0.2	0.3		0.4	_	0.5		9.0		0.7		8.0	0	6.0	_	1.0	1.1	_	1.2		1.3	
ctm		RPM Watts	-	RPM Watts	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	-	RPM V	Watts F	RPM Watts	atts RPM	M Watts		RPM Watts	RPM	Watts	RPM	Watts	RPM	Watts	RPM Watts	-	RPM	Watts
400	720	0 20	805	41	880	09	1		!	-		-	1	-	:	;	:	;	1	:	:	:	:	:	:
009	849	9 51	933	73	1011	93	1083	112	1152	128 1	1229 13	130 1310	10 126	6 1389	125	:	1	:	1	:	1	:	:	1	:
800	978	3 81	1064	103	1145	124	1220	144	1291	162	1367 17	170 1443	43 175	5 1514	183	1578	198	1634	222	1684	252	1734	281	1783	309
1000	1147	7 116	1225	138	1302	159	1376	179	1446	198	1517 2	211 1586	86 224	4 1648	3 242	1703	266	1753	296	1801	327	1849	356	1896	382
1200	1347	7 154	1418	175	1487	196	1555	216	1620	235 1	1684 2	253 1743	43 275	5 1795	302	1841	336	1884	373	1930	405	1976	433 2	2021	458
1400) 1571	1 182	1629	506	1686	236	1742	262	1798	288 1	1850 3	315 1899	99 346	6 1943	380	1984	417	2025	453	2068	485	2113	512	2156	537
1600	1753	3 252	1803	286	1853	318	1902	351	1951	383	1998 4	415 2043	43 447	7 2087	478	2130	208	2173	539	2216	268	2259	595	2302	621
1800	1935	5 339	1983	371	2030	403	2076	434	2122	465 2	2167 49	495 2210	10 524	4 2253	554	2295	586	2337	618	2378	650	2418	682	2458	714
2000) 2127	7 415	2172	448	2217	481	2260	513	2303	546 2	2345 57	579 2385	85 614	4 2425	653	2464	693	2503	734	2541	774	2578	814	2614	855
2200 Pa) 2321	1 507	2363	545	2404	583	2444	623	2484	664 2	2522 70	707 2560	60 753	3 2596	801	2632	848	2667	895	2703	939	2737	981	2770	1023
a 2400) 2516	6 635	2556	629	2594	723	2631	292	2668	813 2	2703 86	861 2737	37 909	9 2772	6 958	2805	1005	2839	1050	2872	1093	2905	1135	2936	1176
21	2715	5 796	2751	841	2786	887	2820	933	2854	980 2	2887 10	1027 2919	19 1074	74 2952	1120	2983	1164	3015	1207	3046	1249	3077	1290	3107	1330
2800) 2915	970	2947	1016	2979	1062	3011	1107	3042	1152 3	3073 11	1197 3104	04 1240	10 3134	1282	3164	1323	3193	1364	3222	1404	3251	1445	3280	1485
3000	3112	2 1142	3142	1187	3172	1232	3202	1276	3232	1319 3	3261 13	1361 3289	89 1401	1 3317	1441	3344	1480	3371	1520	3399	1560	3426	1600	3453	1638
i					Tot	al Stat	Total Static Pressure		- in. w.g.																
lotal Air cfm		1.4	1.	1.5	1.6		1.7		1.8		1.9		2.0												
<u> </u>	_	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM Wat	S.	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	ts											
800	1830	0 335				:	:	-	:	-															
1000) 1940	0 405	1983	426	2026	446	2068	466	2111	488 2	2154 5	512 2196	96 536	9											
1200) 2064	4 480	2106	501	2148	522	2190	544	2232	569 2	2273 59	595 2314	14 623	3											
1400	2199	9 560	2241	584	2282	809	2323	634	2363	664 2	2402 69	694 2440	40 726	9											
1600) 2344	4 647	2384	675	2424	902	2462	740	2498	776 2	2535 8	811 2571	71 848	_∞											
1800) 2497	7 749	2533	882	2568	829	2602	872	2636	914 2	2671 99	953 2705	05 992	2											
2000) 2648	868 8	2681	146	2714	986	2746	1030	2779	1072 2	2812 11	1112 2845	45 1152	2											
2200) 2803	3 1064	2835	1105	2867	1145	2899	1186	2931	1225 2	2964 12	1265 2995	95 1303	3											
2400) 2968	8 1217	2999	1258	3031	1298	3062	1337	3093	1377 3	3124 14	1415 3156	56 1454	45											
2600	3138	8 1371	3168	1411	3199	1450	3229	1489	3260	1528 3	3290 15	1566 3321	21 1604	4											
2800	3309	9 1524	3338	1563	3368	1602	3398	1640	3428	1678 3	3458 17	1717 3488	88 1755	22											
3000) 3481	1 1677	3508	1715	3537	1752	3566	1790	3595	1828 3	3625 18	1866 3655	55 1904	4											

1.5 HP | 4 ROW (060)

BLOWER DATA

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.).

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

Standard Heat - 1075 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat - 1500 cfm

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes:

See page 23 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data.

HORIZONTAL

.	Total	L										Total	al Stat	Static Pressure		- in. w.g.										
	Δir	0	_	0.0	2		0.3	0	0 4	0.5	ıc	0		0 7		0	H	60		10		7		12		5
	ctm	RPM	RPM Watts	RPI	Watts		RPM Watts		RPM Watts	RPI	Watts	RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM W	Watts R	RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM Watts
	400	711	16	962	38	-	:			:			:		-	:		:	:		:	:	1	1	1	1
	009	840	47	924	99	1006	83	1083	96	1154	107	1226	109	:	!	:	:	1 1	;	:	1	1	:	;	;	1
	800	066	9/	1072	94	1153	11	1230	126	1301	140	1372	148	1441	155 1	1503	165 1	1560	181	1612 2	203 16	1661 2	229 -	;	;	-
	1000	1179	108	1253	126	1326	144	1397	161	1464	178	1530	194	1590	210 1	1646	231 1	1696	255 1	1744	283 17	1790 3	312 18	1836 34	340 1880	80 365
	1200	1388	146	1454	166	1519	186	1582	207	1641	228	1697	251	1749	276 1	1797	305 1	1842	336 1	1885	367 19	1929 3	397 19	1973 42	424 2016	16 450
	1400	1606	189	1661	216	1715	242	1768	270	1818	298	1866	328	1911	358 1	1953	390 1	1995 4	420 2	2037 4	449 20	2079 4	476 27	2121 50	503 2163	63 527
	1600	1794	268	1842	301	1890	333	1938	364	1984	396	2029	426	2073	453 2	2115 4	479 2	2157 5	503 2	2199	528 22	2240 5	553 22	2281 58	581 2321	21 609
	1800	1991	364	2035	395	2079	426	2123	456	2167	486	2210	515	2252	541 2	2294	568 2	2334 5	596 2	2374 6	625 24	2412 6	657 24	2448 69	692 2484	84 727
 Pag	2000	2202	451	2242	482	2283	513	2323	545	2363	277	2402	611	2440	646 2	2477 (683 2	2512 7	722 23	2546 7	763 25	2579 8	804 26	2613 84	844 2645	45 884
	2200	2408	529	2446	296	2483	633	2520	672	2555	712	2590	753	2623	796 2	2655 8	841 2	2686 8	885 2	2717 9	928 27	2748 9	970 27	2780 10	1010 2812	12 1050
	2400	5609	703	2644	744	2678	786	2711	829	2744	872	2776	916	2806	961 2	2835 1	1006 2	2865 1	1050 2	2895 1	1092 26	2925 11	1133 29	2955 11	1172 29	2985 1212
	2600	2808	874	2840	916	2871	959	2902	1003	2932	1046	2961	1090	2990	1133 3	3019 1	1176 3	3048 1	1217 3	3077 1	1257 31	3106 12	1297 31	3135 13	1336 3164	54 1374
	2800	3006	1054	3035	1096	3064	1139	3092	1181	3121	1223	3149	1265	3177 1	1305 3	3205 1	1344 3	3234 1	1383 3	3262 1	1421 32	3290 14	1460 33	3317 14	1498 33	3345 1536
	3000	3202	1228	3229	1270	3257	1312	3284	1353	3312	1394	3339	1433 (3366 1	1472 3	3393 1	1509 3	3419 1	1547 3	3446 1	1584 34	3472 16	1622 34	3499 16	1660 35	3525 1698
'						ř	otal St	Total Static Pressure - in. w.g.	ssure	- in. w.	Ö															
<	lotal Air ofm	4.1	4	1.5	2	_	1.6	7	1.7	1.8	80	1.9		2.0	_											
Į.	5	RPM	RPM Watts	RPM Watts	Watts		RPM Watts	RPM	RPM Watts	RPM Watt	S	RPM	Watts	RPM V	Watts											
	800	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:											
	1000	1923	389	1964	411	2004	431	2043	450	2083	468															
	1200	2057	473	2097	494	2136	514	2176	534	2215	553	2254	574	2293	969											
	1400	2205	549	2245	571	2284	594	2322	618	2360	644	2396	672	2432	702											
	1600	2360	637	2398	299	2434	669	2468	733	2501	292	2532	805	2563	842											
	1800	2519	263	2552	801	2583	840	2614	879	2644	918	2674	957	2704	995											
	2000	2677	924	2708	963	2739	1003	2769	1041	2799	1080	2829	1118	2859	1155											
	2200	2842	1089	2873	1127	2902	1166	2932	1203	2962	1241	2991	1278	3021 1	1315											
	2400	3015	1250	3044	1289	3074	1327	3103	1364	3132	1402	3162	1439	3192 1	1476											
	2600	3192	1412	3221	1450	3250	1488	3279	1525	3308	1562	3337	1599	3367 1	1635											
	2800	3372	1574	3400	1611	3428	1648	3456	1685	3485	1721	3514	1758	3543 1	1794											
	3000	3552	1735	3578	1772	3605	1808	3633	1844	3660	1880	3689	1916	3717 1	1952											

BLOWER DATA

FACTORY INSTALLED OPTIONS/FIELD INSTALLED ACCESSORY AIR RESISTANCE - in. w.g.

Air	Wet Indoor	Coil		Gas Heating		Electric	Econo		Filters	
Volume cfm	024, 036, 048	060	Standard Heat	Medium Heat	High Heat	Heat	mizer	MERV 8	MERV 13	MERV 16
800	0.01		0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.04
1000	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.05
1200	0.03	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.05
1400	0.04	0.05	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.09	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.06
1600	0.05	0.07	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.12	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.08
1800	0.06	0.08	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.15	0.05	0.04	0.07	0.09
2000	0.08	0.10	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.18	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.10
2200		0.11	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.18	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.11
2400		0.13	0.04	0.05	0.08	0.20	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.12

POWER EXHAUST FAN PERFORMANCE

Return Air System Static Pressure in. w.g.	Air Volume Exhausted cfm
0.00	2000
0.05	1990
0.10	1924
0.15	1810
0.20	1664
0.25	1507
0.30	1350
0.35	1210

CEILING DIFFUSERS AIR RESISTANCE (in. w.g.)

	RT	D11-95S Step-Down Diffu	user	FD11-95S
Air Volume - cfm	2 Ends Open	1 Side & 2 Ends Open	All Ends & Sides Open	Flush Diffuser
1800	0.13	0.11	0.09	0.09
2000	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.10
2200	0.18	0.15	0.12	0.12
2400	0.21	0.18	0.15	0.14
2600	0.24	0.21	0.18	0.17
2800	0.27	0.24	0.21	0.20
3000	0.32	0.29	0.25	0.25

CEILING DIFFUSER AIR THROW DATA

Air Volume - cfm	¹ Effective	Throw - ft.
	RTD11-95S	FD11-95S
2600	24 - 29	19 - 24
2800	25 - 30	20 - 28
3000	27 - 33	21 - 29

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Effective throw based on terminal velocities of 75 ft. per minute.

Start-Up

AIMPORTANT

If unit is equipped with a crankcase heater. Make sure heater is energized 24 hours before unit startup to prevent compressor damage as a result of slugging.

A-Start-Up

Heating - LHT/LDT024 Unit Only

1- In heat pump heating, 024 units will automatically stage-up for outdoor temperatures below 40°F (for increased performance and efficiency). No external demand is required, this operation is completely automatic. At temperatures above 40°F, compressor will automatically stage-down to maintain operational efficiency.

Heating - LDT Units

Note - L1 reversing valve is de-energized in the heating mode.

- 1- Set thermostat or temperature control device to initiate a first-stage heating demand.
- 2- Outdoor Temperature **ABOVE** Balance Point Setpoint (35°F default):

A first-stage heating demand (W1) will energize compressor **heat pump heating**, the outdoor fan, and the blower.

A second-stage heating demand (W2) will de-energize compressor heat pump heating through K27. **High gas heat** will be energized.

3- Outdoor Temperature **BELOW** Balance Point Setpoint (35°F default):

A first-stage heating demand (W1) will energize **low** gas heat and the blower motor.

A second-stage heating demand (W2) will energize **high gas heat**.

Heating - LHT Units

- 1- Set thermostat or temperature control device to initiate a first-stage heating demand.
- 2- A first-stage heating demand (W1) will energize compressors 1 and outdoor fan.

Note - L1 Reversing Valve is de-energized in the heating mode.

LH Units With Optional Electric Heat -

An increased heating demand (W2) will energize electric heat. Electric heat is also energized during the defrost cycle to maintain discharge air temperature.

Cooling

Note - 024 units are single-speed cooling operation only.

- 1- Initiate full load cooling operation using the following mobile service app menu path: RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > COOLING > COOLING STAGE 2
- 2- Units contain one refrigerant circuit.

Note - Units are equipped with two-stage compressors.

- 3- Unit is charged with R-410A refrigerant. See unit rating plate for correct amount of charge.
- 4- Refer to Refrigerant Charge and Check section for proper method to check refrigerant charge.

B-Three Phase Scroll Compressor Voltage Phasing

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially to ensure correct compressor and blower rotation and operation. Compressor and blower are wired in phase at the factory. Power wires are color-coded as follows: line 1-red, line 2-yellow, line 3-blue.

- 1. Observe suction and discharge pressures and blower rotation on unit start-up.
- Suction pressure must drop, discharge pressure must rise, and blower rotation must match rotation marking.

If pressure differential is not observed or blower rotation is not correct:

- 3. Disconnect all remote electrical power supplies.
- 4. Reverse any two field-installed wires connected to the line side of K1 contactor. <u>Do not reverse wires at</u> blower contactor.

Make sure the connections are tight.

Discharge and suction pressures should operate at their normal start-up ranges.

C-Refrigerant Charge and Check - Fin/Tube Coil WARNING-Do not exceed nameplate charge under any condition.

This unit is factory charged and should require no further adjustment. If the system requires additional refrigerant, reclaim the charge, evacuate the system, and add required nameplate charge.

NOTE - System charging is not recommended below 60°F (15°C). In temperatures below 60°F (15°C), the charge **must** be weighed into the system.

If weighing facilities are not available, or to check the charge, use the following procedure:

1- Attach gauge manifolds and operate unit in cooling mode on HIGH SPEED with economizer disabled until system stabilizes (approximately five minutes). Make sure outdoor air dampers are closed.

Note - Use mobile service app menu path RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > COOLING > COOLING STAGE 2

- 2- Use a thermometer to accurately measure the outdoor ambient temperature.
- 3- Apply the outdoor temperature to tables 5 through 8 to determine normal operating pressures. Pressures are listed for sea level applications at 80°F dry bulb and 67°F wet bulb return air.
- 4- Compare the normal operating pressures to the pressures obtained from the gauges. Minor variations in these pressures may be expected due to differences in installations. Significant differences could mean that the system is not properly charged or that a problem exists with some component in the system. Correct any system problems before proceeding.
- 5- If discharge pressure is high, remove refrigerant from the system. If discharge pressure is low, add refrigerant to the system.
 - · Add or remove charge in increments.
 - Allow the system to stabilize each time refrigerant is added or removed.
- 6- Use one of the following charge verification methods along with the normal operating pressures to confirm readings.

Charge Verification - Approach Method - AHRI Testing

- Using the same thermometer, compare liquid temperature to outdoor ambient temperature.
 Approach Temperature = Liquid temperature (at condenser outlet) minus ambient temperature.
- 2- Approach temperature should be 3.8°F + 1 (2.1°C + 0.5). An approach temperature greater than this value indicates an under-charge. An approach temperature less than this value indicates an overcharge.
- 3- The approach method is not valid for grossly over or undercharged systems. Use table 9 as a guide for typical operating pressures.

TABLE 5 581065-01 024 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Discharge <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suction <u>+</u> 5 psig
65° F	242	145
75° F	281	145
85° F	325	148
95° F	377	149
105° F	415	150
115° F	472	151

TABLE 6 581066-01 036 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Discharge <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suction <u>+</u> 5 psig
65° F	259	144
75° F	301	147
85° F	347	149
95° F	390	152
105° F	448	155
115° F	511	157

TABLE 7 581067-01 048 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Discharge <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suction <u>+</u> 5 psig
65° F	247	129
75° F	284	134
85° F	328	137
95° F	375	140
105° F	425	143
115° F	480	144

TABLE 8 581068-01 060 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Discharge <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suction <u>+</u> 5 psig
65° F	259	139
75° F	299	140
85° F	343	141
95° F	391	143
105° F	444	146
115° F	506	148

TABLE 9 SUBCOOLING TEMPERATURE

Unit	Liquid Saturated Temp. Minus Liquid Temperature
024	7.4°F <u>+</u> 1 (4.1°C <u>+</u> 0.5)
036	7.6°F <u>+</u> 1 (4.2°C <u>+</u> 0.5)
048	5.7°F <u>+</u> 1 (3.2°C <u>+</u> 0.5)
060	6.8°F <u>+</u> 1 (3.8°C <u>+</u> 0.5)

C-Compressor Controls

See unit wiring diagram to determine which controls are used on each unit. Optional controls are identified on wiring diagrams by arrows at junction points.

- 1- High Pressure Switch (S4)
 The compressor circuit is protected by a high pressure switch which opens at 640 psig ± 10 psig (4413 kPa ± 70 kPa) and automatically resets at 475 psig ± 20 psig (3275kPa ± 138 kPa).
- 2- Low Pressure Switch (S87) The compressor circuit is protected by a loss of charge switch. Switch opens at 25 psig ± 5 psig (172 ± 34 kPa) and automatically resets at 40 psig ± 5 psig (246 kPa ± 34 kPa).
- 3- Diagnostics Sensors (RT46, RT48)
 Two thermistors are located on specific points in the
 refrigeration circuit. The thermistors provide constant
 temperature feedback to the Unit Controller to protect
 the compressor. Thermistors take the place of the
 freezestat and low ambient pressure switch.
- 4- Defrost Controls (RT48, RT17) Both sensors provide input to the defrost control which cycles defrost. The ambient sensor is located on the inside of the corner mullion on the back of the outdoor coil section. The coil sensor is located on a return bend on the front of the outdoor coil.
- 5- Compressor Crankcase Heater (HR1)
 Crankcase heater must be energized at all times to prevent compressor damage due to refrigerant migration. Energize crankcase heater 24 hours before unit start-up by setting thermostat so that there is no cooling demand (to prevent compressor from cycling) and apply power to unit.

Defrost Control

The defrost control ensures that the heat pump outdoor coil does not ice excessively during the heating mode. The defrost control uses input from the coil and ambient sensor to issue demand defrost controls from the Unit Controller. If the system fails to calibrate or obtain readings for demand defrost, defrost will run-time at field setting.

Low gas heat (LDT) or electric heat (optional) is energized during defrost.

Defrost Test or Forced Defrost Option

A TEST option is provided for troubleshooting. The TEST mode may be started at any time using the mobile service app. Defrost mode may be started by entering the Defrost Mode in the Component Test Menu. When defrost is started, unit will run in Defrost Mode for a maximum of 5 minutes or when the outdoor coil reaches 100°F, whichever occurs first.

Diagnostic Sensors

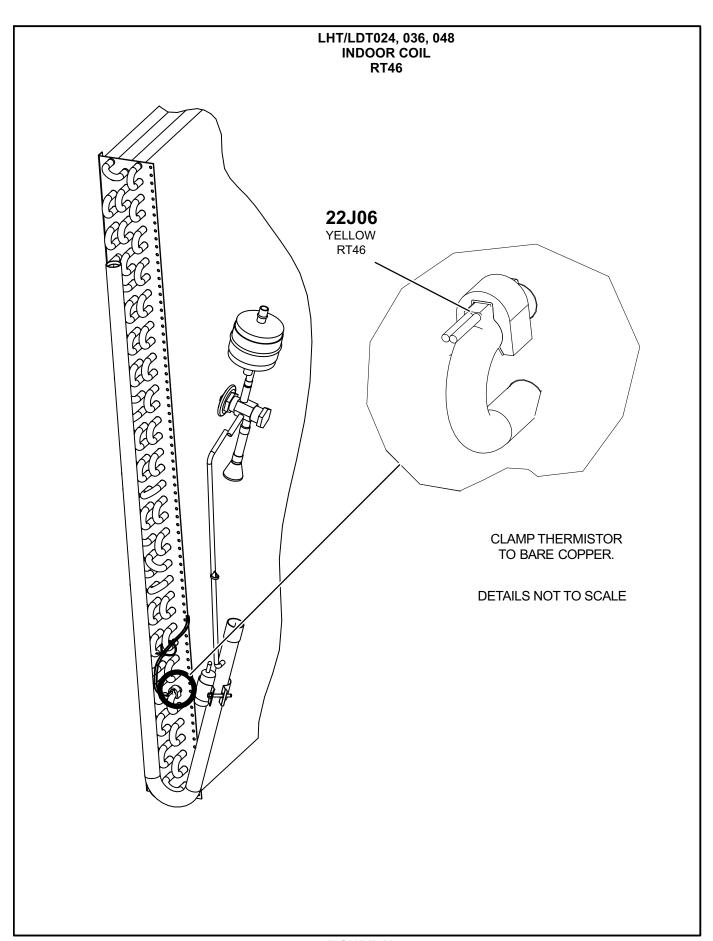
Units are equipped with two factory-installed thermistors (RT46 and RT48) located on different points on the refrigerant circuit.

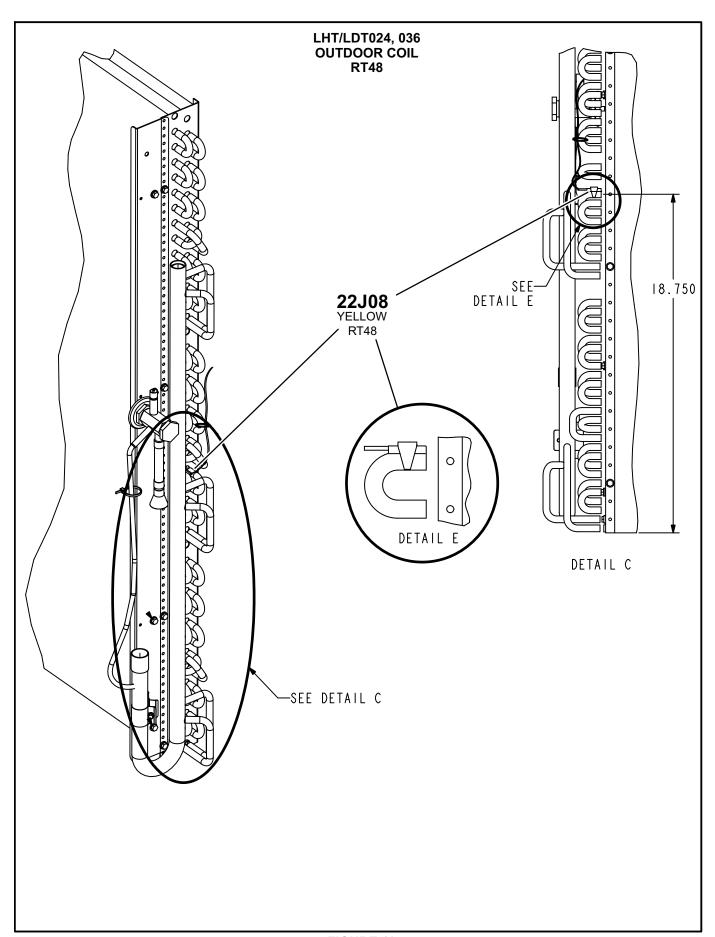
The thermistors provide the Unit Controller with constant temperature readings of two specific locations on the refrigeration circuit. These temperatures are used as feedback in certain modes of unit operation. In addition, the Unit Controller uses these temperatures to initiate alarms such as loss of condenser or evaporator airflow and loss of charge.

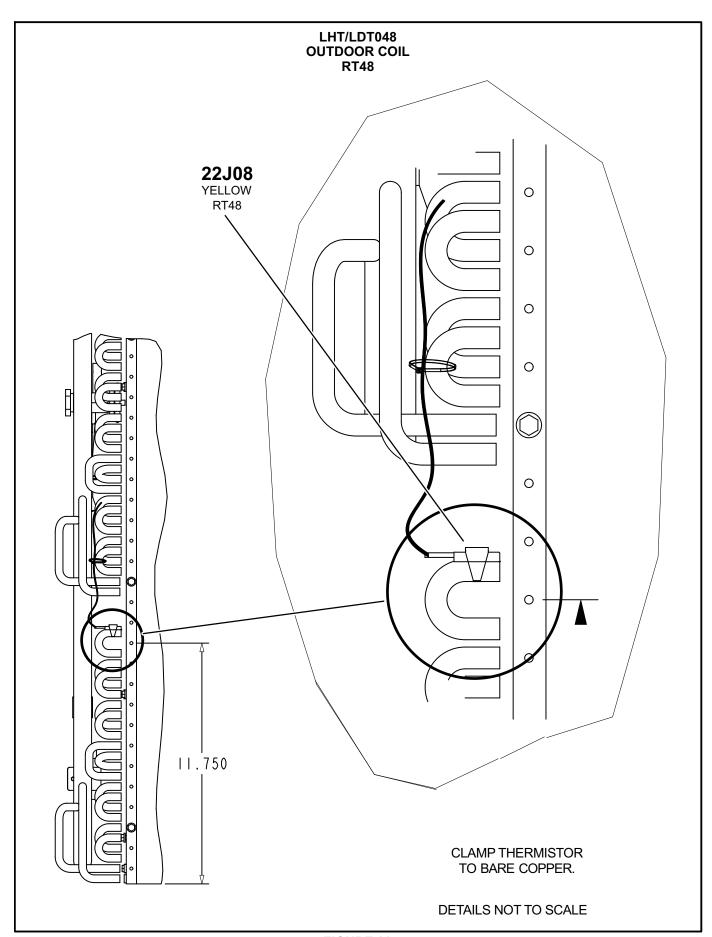
Each thermistor must be specifically placed for proper unit operation and to initiate valid alarms. See table 10 for proper locations.

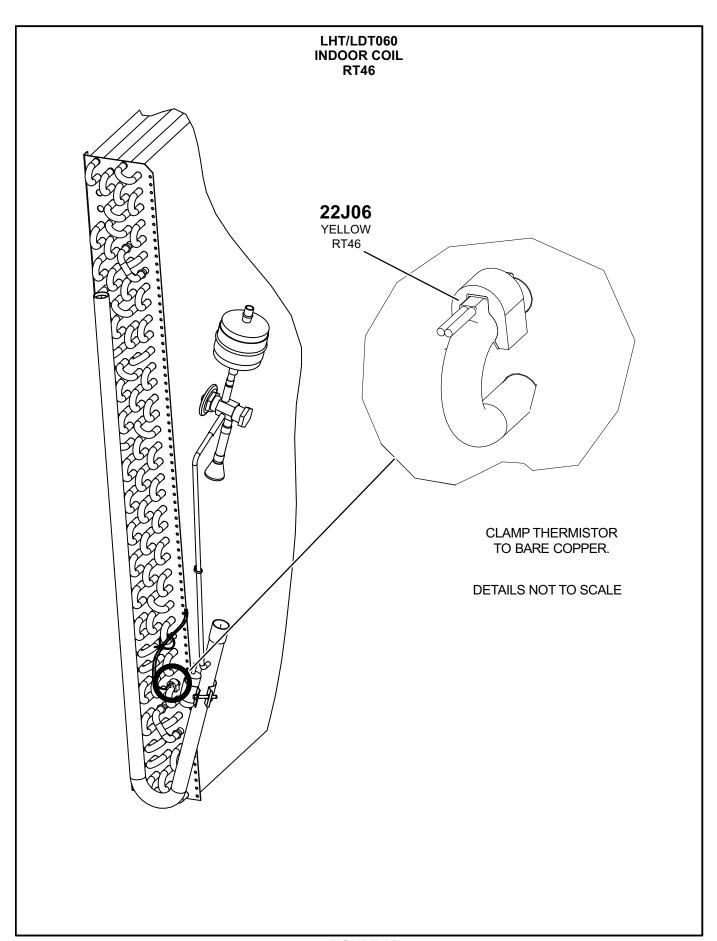
TABLE 10
THERMISTOR LOCATION

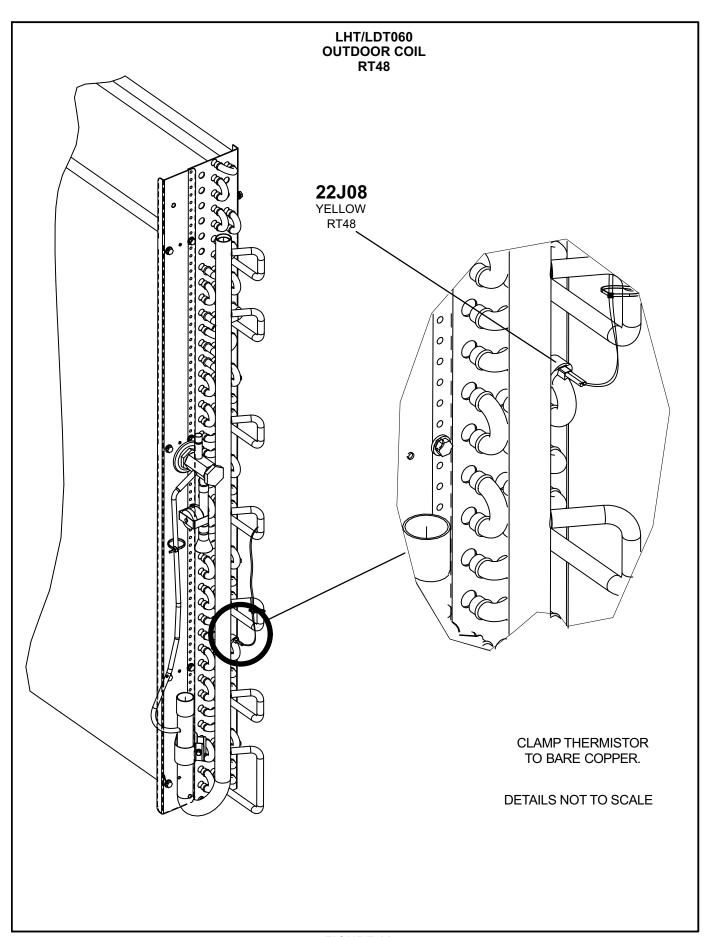
Unit	Sensor Yel- low	Figure
024, 036, 048 Indoor Coil	RT46	18
024, 036 Outdoor Coil	RT48	19
048 Outdoor Coil	RT48	20
060 Indoor Coil	RT46	21
060 Outdoor Coil	RT48	22











Cooling Operation

A-Two-Stage Thermostat

1-Economizer With Outdoor Air Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressor Off

Blower Low

Dampers Modulate

Y2 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor Low (036-060)

Blower High

Dampers Full Open

Note - Compressor is energized after damper has been at full open for three minutes.

2-No Economizer or Outdoor Air Not Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor Low (036-060)

Blower Low

Dampers Minimum Position

Y2 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor High (036-060)

Blower High

Dampers Minimum Position

B-Three-Stage Thermostat OR Room Sensor

1-Economizer With Outdoor Air Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressors Off

Blower Low

Dampers Modulate

Y2 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor Low (036-060)

Blower High

Dampers Full Open

Note - Compressor is energized after damper has been at full open for three minutes.

Y3 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor High (036-060)

Blower High

Dampers Full Open

2-No Economizer or Outdoor Air Not Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor Low (036-060)

Blower Low

Dampers Minimum Position

Y2 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor High (036-060)

Blower High

Dampers Minimum Position

Y3 Demand -

Compressor On (024 units only)

Compressor High (036-060)

Blower High

Dampers Minimum Position

High speed compressor cooling operation:

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > COOLING > COOLING STAGE 2

Low speed compressor cooling operation:

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > COOLING >

COOLING STAGE 1

Note - For 024 units, either menu path will result in single-speed output.

Heating Operation

A-Heat Pump Operation

W1 Demand -

Compressor High Blower Heating Speed

Reversing Valve De-Energized

W2 Demand (Optional Electric Heat) -

Compressor High Speed Blower Heating Speed

Reversing Valve De-Energized Optional Electric Heat Energized

Note - Electric heat is also energized during the defrost cycle.

B-Gas Heat Operation

1-Outdoor Temperature ABOVE Balance Point Setpoint

W1 Demand -

Compressor High
Blower Heating Speed
Reversing Valve De-Energized

W2 Demand -

Compressor Off Blower Heating Speed Low Gas Heat Energized

Note - Gas heat is also energized during the defrost cycle.

2-Outdoor Temperature BELOW Balance Point Setpoint

W1 Demand -

Compressor Off Blower Heating Speed Low Gas Heat Energized

W2 Demand -

Compressor Off Blower Heating Speed High Gas Heat Energized

Note - Gas heat is also energized during the defrost cycle.

High speed compressor heating operation: RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > HEATING

Defrost Operation Test:

RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > DEFROST

C-Heat Pump Heating - 024 Units Only

In heat pump heating, 024 units will automatically stage-up for outdoor temperatures below 40°F (for increased performance and efficiency). No external demand is required, this operation is completely automatic. At temperatures above 40°F, compressor will automatically stage-down to maintain operational efficiency.

Gas Heat Start-Up (LDT Units)

FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

AWARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Do not use this unit if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the unit and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

AWARNING



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or product or property damage. If overheating occurs or if gas supply fails to shut off, shut off the manual gas valve to the appliance before shutting off electrical supply.

AWARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

AWARNING

SMOKE POTENTIAL

The heat exchanger in this unit could be a source of smoke on initial firing. Take precautions with respect to building occupants and property. Vent initial supply air outside when possible.

BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

The gas valve may be equipped with either a gas control lever or gas control knob. Use only your hand to push the lever or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the the lever will not move or the knob will not push in or turn by hand, do not try to repair it. Call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.

AWARNING



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or death. Do not attempt to light manually. Unit has a direct spark ignition system.

This unit is equipped with an automatic spark ignition system. There is no pilot. In case of a safety shutdown, move thermostat switch to **OFF** and return the thermostat switch to **HEAT** to reset ignition control.

A-Placing Unit In Operation

AWARNING



Danger of explosion and fire. Can cause injury or product or property damage. You must follow these instructions exactly.

Gas Valve Operation (figure 23)

- 1- Set thermostat to lowest setting.
- 2- Turn off all electrical power to appliance.
- 3- This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do **not** try to light the burner by hand.
- 4- Open or remove the control access panel.

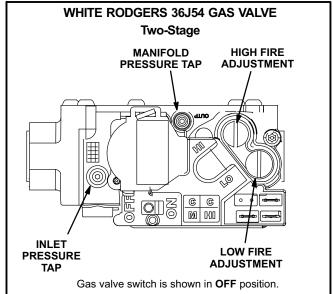


FIGURE 23

- 5- Move gas valve switch to **OFF**. See figure 23.
- 6- Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. If you then smell gas, **STOP!** Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions. If you do not smell gas, go to the next step.
- 7- Move gas valve switch to **ON**. See figure 23.
- 8- Close or replace the control access panel.
- 9- Turn on all electrical power to appliance.
- 10- Set thermostat to desired setting.

NOTE - When unit is initially started, steps 1 through 9 may need to be repeated to purge air from gas line.

11- The ignition sequence will start.

- 12- If the furnace does not light the first time (gas line not fully purged), it will attempt up to two more ignitions before locking out.
- 13- If lockout occurs, repeat steps 1 through 10.
- 14- If the appliance will not operate, follow the instructions "Turning Off Gas to Appliance" and call your service technician or gas supplier.

Turning Off Gas to Unit

- 1- If using an electromechanical thermostat, set to the lowest setting.
- 2- Before performing any service, turn off all electrical power to the appliance.
- 3- Open or remove the control access panel.
- 4- Move gas valve switch to OFF.
- 5- Close or replace the control access panel.

AWARNING



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or death. Do not attempt to light manually. Unit has a direct spark ignition system.

Heating Operation and Adjustments

(Gas Units)

A-Heating Sequence of Operation

Two-Stage

- 1- On a heating demand the combustion air inducer starts immediately.
- 2- Combustion air pressure switch proves inducer operation. After a 30-second pre-purge, power is allowed to ignition control. Switch is factory set and requires no adjustment.
- 3- Spark ignitor energizes and gas valve solenoid opens.
- 4- Spark ignites gas, ignition sensor proves the flame and combustion continues.
- 5- If flame is not detected after 8 seconds, the ignition control will repeat steps 3 and 4 two more times. The ignition control will wait 5 minutes before the ignition attempt recycles.

B-Ignition Control Diagnostic LEDs

TABLE 11 IGNITION CONTROL HEARTBEAT LED STATUS

LED Flashes	Indicates
Steady Off	No power or control hardware fault.
Steady On	Power applied. Control OK.
3 Flashes	Ignition lockout from too many trials.
4 Flashes	Ignition lockout from too many flame losses within single call for heat.
5 Flashes	Control hardware fault detected.

C-Limit Controls

Limit controls are factory-set and are not adjustable. The primary limit is located to the right of the combustion air inducer. See figure 28.

D-Heating Adjustment

Main burners are factory-set and do not require adjustment.

The following manifold pressures are listed on the gas valve.

Natural Gas Units - Low Fire - 2.0" w.c.

Natural Gas Units - High Fire - 3.5" w.c.

LP Gas Units - Low Fire - 5.9" w.c.

LP Gas Units - High Fire - 10.5" w.c.

Electric Heat Start-Up (LHT Units)

Optional electric heat will stage on and cycle with thermostat demand. See electric heat wiring diagram on unit for sequence of operation.

SCR Electric Heat Controller (LHT Units)

Optional factory-installed SCR (A38) will provide small amounts of power to the electric heat elements to efficiently maintain warm duct air temperatures when there is no heating demand. The SCR maintains duct air temperature based on input from a field-provided and installed thermostat (A104) and duct sensor (RT20). SCR is located in the compressor section on the left wall. Use only with a thermostat or specified DDC control system.

Use the instructions provided with the thermostat to set DIP switches as follows: S1 On, S2 Off, S3 Off. Use the instructions provided with the duct sensor to install sensor away from electric element radiant heat and in a location where discharge air is a mixed average temperature.

Once power is supplied to unit, zero SCR as follows:

- 1- Adjust thermostat (A104) to minimum position.
- 2- Use a small screwdriver to slowly turn the ZERO potentiometer on the SCR until the LED turns solid red.
- 3- Very slowly adjust the potentiometer the opposite direction until the LED turns off.

Service

The unit should be inspected once a year by a qualified service technician.

AWARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

ACAUTION

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

A-Filters

Units are equipped with temporary filters which must be replaced prior to building occupation. Use four 20 X 20 X 2" (508 X 508 X 51mm) filters. Refer to local codes or appropriate jurisdiction for approved filters.

AWARNING

Units are shipped from the factory with temporary filters. Replace filters before building is occupied. Damage to unit could result if filters are not replaced with approved filters. Refer to appropriate codes.

Approved filters should be checked monthly and replaced when necessary. Take note of air flow direction marking on filter frame when reinstalling filters. See figure 24.

NOTE-Filters must be U.L.C. certified or equivalent for use in Canada.

B-Lubrication

All motors are lubricated at the factory. No further lubrication is required.

C-Burners (LDT Only)

Periodically examine burner flames for proper appearance during the heating season. Before each heating season examine the burners for any deposits or blockage which may have occurred.

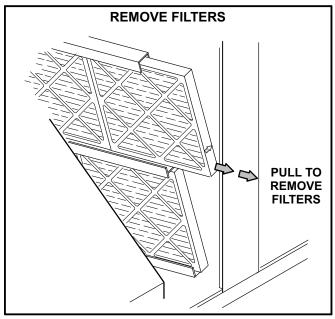


FIGURE 24

Clean burners as follows:

- 1- Turn off both electrical power and gas supply to unit.
- 2- Remove blower access panel.
- 3- Remove top burner box panel.
- 4- Remove screws securing burners to burner support and lift the individual burners or the entire burner assembly from the orifices. See figure 25. Clean as necessary.
- 5- Locate the ignitor under the right burner. Check ignitor spark gap with appropriately sized twist drills or feeler gauges. See figure 26.
- 6- Replace burners and screws securing burner. See figure 27.





Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or death. Do not overtighten main burner mounting screws. Snug tighten only.

- 7- Replace access panel.
- 8- Restore electrical power and gas supply. Follow lighting instructions attached to unit and use inspection port in access panel to check flame.

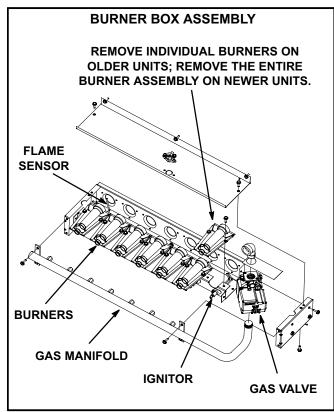


FIGURE 25

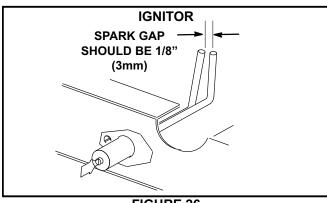


FIGURE 26

D-Combustion Air Inducer (LDT Only)

A combustion air proving switch checks combustion air inducer operation before allowing power to the gas controller. Gas controller will not operate if inducer is obstructed.

Under normal operating conditions, the combustion air inducer wheel should be checked and cleaned prior to the heating season. However, it should be examined periodically during the heating season to establish an ideal cleaning schedule.

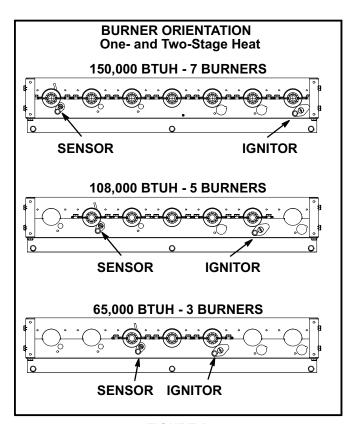


FIGURE 27

Clean combustion air inducer as follows:

- 1- Shut off power supply and gas to unit.
- 2- Remove the mullion on the right side of the heat section.
- 3- Disconnect pressure switch air tubing combustion air inducer port.
- 4- Remove and retain screws securing combustion air inducer to flue box. Remove vent connector. See figure 28.
- 5- Clean inducer wheel blades with a small brush and wipe off any dust from housing. Take care not to damage exposed fan blades. Clean accumulated dust from front of flue box cover.
- 6- Return combustion air inducer motor and vent connector to original location and secure with retained screws. It is recommended that gaskets be replaced during reassembly.
- 7- Replace mullion.
- 8- Clean combustion air inlet louvers on blower access panel using a small brush.

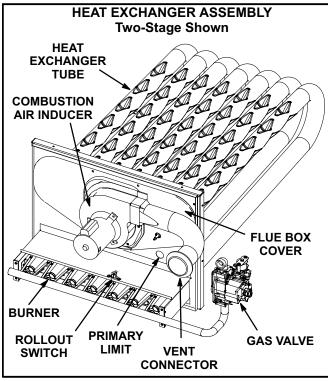


FIGURE 28

E-Flue Box (LDT Units)

Remove flue box cover only when necessary for equipment repair. Clean inside of flue box cover and heat exchanger tubes with a wire brush when flue box cover has to be removed. Install a new flue box cover gasket and replace cover. Make sure edges around flue box cover are tightly sealed.

F-Evaporator Coil

Inspect and clean coil at beginning of each cooling season. Clean using mild detergent or commercial coil cleaner. Flush coil and condensate drain with water taking care not to get insulation, filters and return air ducts wet.

G-Condenser Coil

Clean condenser coil annually with detergent or commercial coil cleaner and inspect monthly during the cooling season.

Condenser coils are made of single and two formed slabs. On units with two slabs, dirt and debris may become trapped between the slabs. To clean between slabs, carefully separate coil slabs and wash them thoroughly. See figure 29. Flush coils with water following cleaning.

Note - Remove all screws and gaskets prior to cleaning procedure and replace upon completion.

H-Supply Air Blower Wheel

Annually inspect supply air blower wheel for accumulated dirt or dust. Turn off power before attempting to remove access panel or to clean blower wheel.

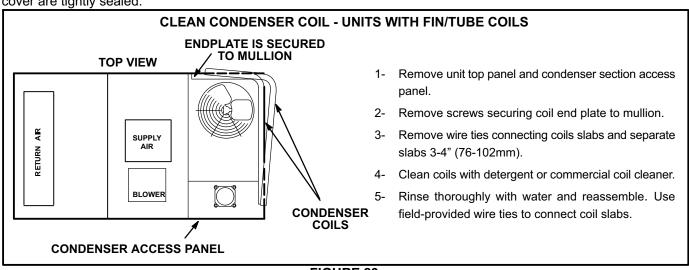


FIGURE 29

J-Needlepoint Bipolar Ionizer (Optional)

The optional, brush-type ionizer produces positive and negative ions to clean air and reduce airborne contaminants. The ionizer was designed to be low maintenance. The device should be checked semi-annually to confirm the brushes are clean for maximum output. The ionizer is located behind on the blower deck to the left of the blower. See figure 31.

- 1- On the back side of the unit, remove the screw securing the back of the ionizer bracket. See figure 30. Retain the screw to secure the back side of the ionizer bracket.
- 2- Remove two screws securing the front side of the ionizer bracket and pull out of unit and clean brushes.
- 3- Replace ionizer in the reverse order it was removed.

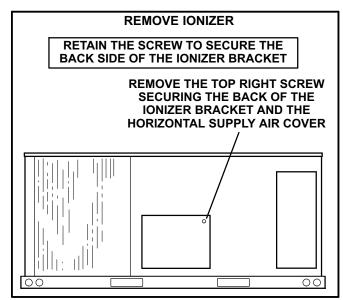


FIGURE 30

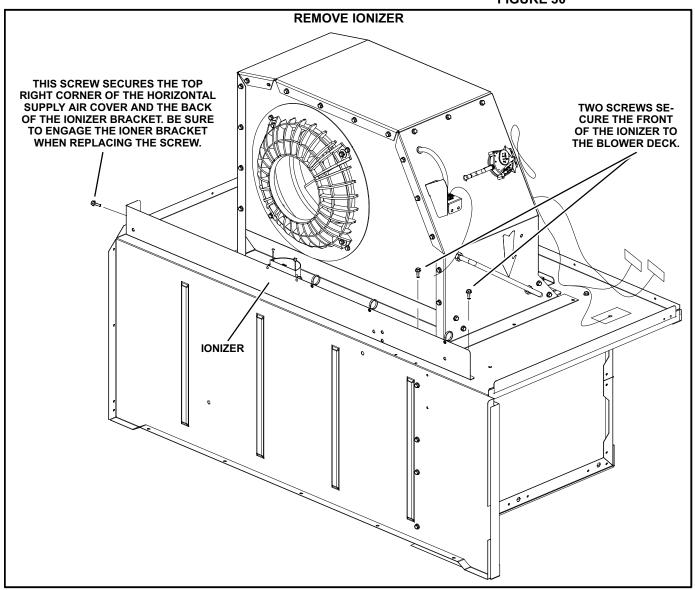


FIGURE 31

K-UVC Light (Optional)

When field-installed, use only UVC Light Kit assembly 106881-01 (21A92) with this appliance.

Factory-Installed UVC Light

When the UVC light is factory installed, the lamp is shipped attached to the filter rack. Remove the lamp and install into the UVC light assembly as shown in steps 2 through 11.

1- Cut wire ties and remove the UVC lamp attached to the filter rack. See figure 32.

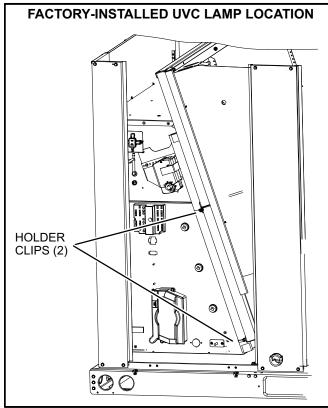


FIGURE 32

Annual Lamp Replacement

AWARNING

Personal Burn Hazard.

Personal injury may result from hot lamps. During replacement, allow lamp to cool for 10 minutes before removing lamp from fixture.

The lamp should be replaced every 12 months, as UVC energy production diminishes over time.

- 1- Obtain replacement lamp 102337-01 for your germicidal light model.
- 2- Disconnect power to the rooftop unit before servicing the UVC kit.
- 3- Open the blower access door.
- 4- Remove the screw in wire tie from the UVC assembly and disconnect the 4-pin connector from the lamp end.

- 5- Remove the (2) mounting screws of the UVC assembly. Carefully slide the complete UVC assembly out through the blower access door.
- 6- Allow 10 minutes before touching the lamps. Then, carefully remove the old lamp from the lamp holder clips.
- 7- Wear cotton gloves or use a cotton cloth when handling the new lamp. Place the new lamp in the holder clips of the UVC assembly. Verify that the lamp flange at the connector end is sandwiched between the lamp holder clip and the sheet-metal end stop (see figure 33).
- 8- Carefully place the UVC assembly on the blower deck. Line up the mounting holes on the UVC assembly with the mounting holes on the blower deck See figure 34. Use the #10 screws provided to attach the UVC assembly in place.
- 9- Make sure to reapply the black convoluted tubing used to shield electrical wiring in the rooftop unit. Convoluted tubing is provided when the ionizer is factory- or field-installed. However, if there is any concern, aluminum foil tape (not provided) can also be used to cover any exposed component.
- 10- Close the blower access door.
- 11- Reconnect power to the rooftop unit.
- 12- Open the filter access door and look through the view port in the triangular sheet-metal panel to verify that the UVC light is on.

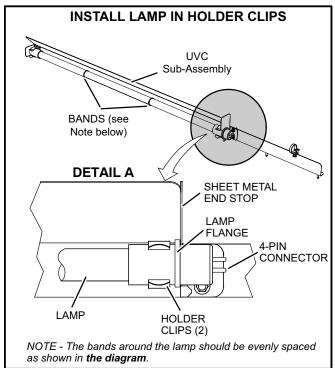


FIGURE 33

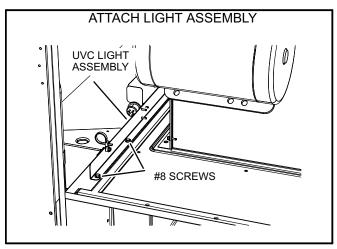


FIGURE 34 Lamp Disposal

Hg-LAMP Contains Mercury.—Manage in accordance with local, state and federal disposal laws. Refer to www.lamprecycle.org or call 800-953-6669.

Proper Clean-up Technique in Case of Lamp Breakage

Wear protective gloves, eye wear and mask.

Sweep the broken glass and debris into a plastic bag, seal the bag, and dispose of properly. Contact your local waste management office for proper disposal.

Do not use a vacuum cleaner. Do not incinerate.

Maintenance

- For all maintenance, contact a qualified HVAC technician.
- Read the maintenance instructions before opening unit panels.
- Unintended use of the unit or damage to the unit housing may result in the escape of dangerous UVC radiation. UVC radiation may, even in small doses, cause harm to the eyes and skin.
- Do not operate units that are obviously damaged.
- Do not discard the triangular UVC light shield or any barriers with an ultraviolet radiation symbol.
- Do not override the door interlock switch that interrupts power to the UVC light.
- Do not operate the UVC light outside of the unit.

Factory Unit Controller Settings

Use the mobile service app to adjust parameters; menu paths are shown in each table. Refer to the Unit Controller manual provided with each unit.

Tables 12 and 13 show factory settings. Record adjusted settings on the label located inside the compressor access panel.

When field installing optional kits and accessories, the Unit Controller must be configured to identify the option before it will function. Refer to figures 35 and 36 to determine whether the Unit Controller configuration I.D. must change. To configure the option, use MAIN MENU > SETUP > INSTALL menu path. Press SAVE until CONFIGURATION ID 1 or 2 appears depending on the option installed. Change the appropriate character in the configuration I.D. For example, when an economizer is installed using a single enthalpy sensor, change configuration I.D. 1, the second character, to "S".

TABLE 12 581038

Units With BACnet Settings

RTU Menu > Network Integration > Network Setup Wizard > BACnet MS/TP > See BACnet MAC Address

BACNET MAC ADDRESS:

Units With Room Sensor, CPC/LSE Gateway Settings

RTU Menu > Network Integration > Network Setup Wizard > SBUS > Set SBUS Address

LCONN ADDRESS:

TABLE 13 581037-01

Units With LonTalk Settings

Use menu RTU Menu > Network Integration > Network Setup Wizard > Set "LONTALK"

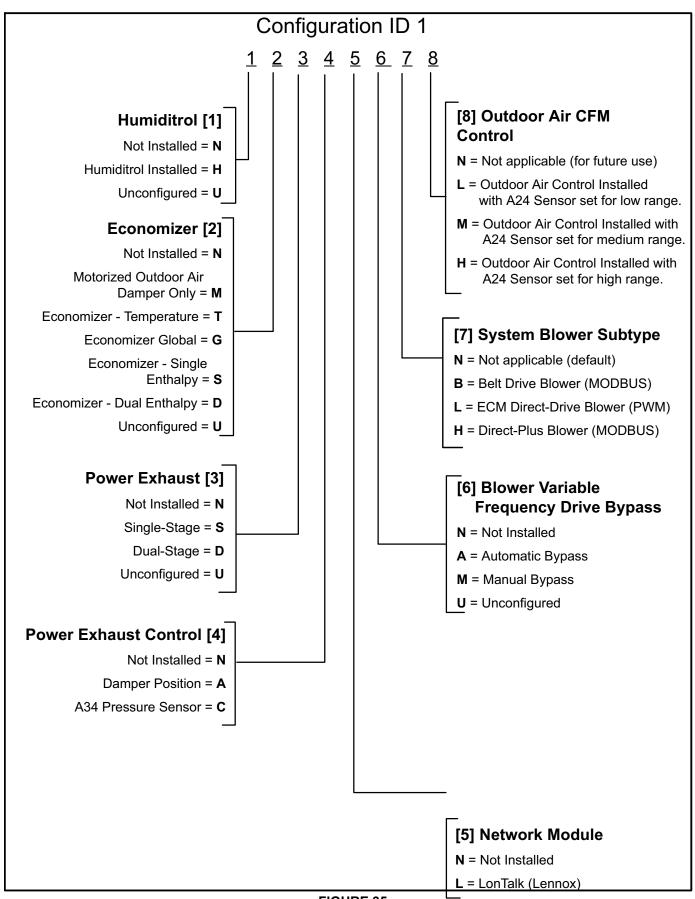


FIGURE 35

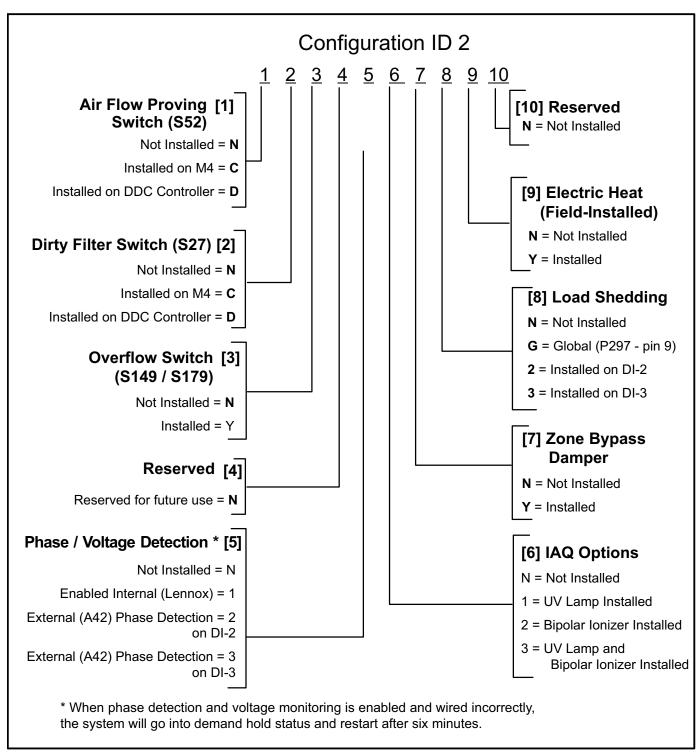


FIGURE 36

START-UP REPORT

Job Name:							Inspections and Checks								
Store NoStart-Up Date:							Dama	age?	Y	es N	0	R22 [R410	DA 🗆	
Address:							If yes	, repo	orted to	:					
City:State:															
Start-Up Contractor:							Verify factory and field-installed accessories.								
Technician:							Check electrical connections. Tighten if necessary.								
Model No.:							Supply voltage: L1-L2L1-L3L2-L3 If unit contains a 208-230/240 volt transformer:								
Serial No.:							The contains a 208-230/240 voit transformer: Check primary transformer tap □								
RTU No.: Catalog No.:							Transformer secondary voltage:								
					Cooli	ing Cł	necks								
Compressor	Rotatio	n 🗆 A					Air Ter	np					·		
Compressor Amps			Com				Condenser Fan Amps								
L1	L2	L3	L1-L2	L1-L3	L2-L3	Disch	1. S	uct.	L1	L2	L3		L1		
2															
3															
4															
Blower Checks															
	В	Blower C	hecks						Hea	ting Ch	ecks - E	lectric			
Pulley/Belt A	Alignmer	nt 🗆 E	Blower R						Temp.:		Supply A				
Set Screws	Alignmer Tight	nt 🗆 E	Blower Ro Belt Tensi	ion							Supply A				
-	Alignmer Tight Amps:	nt 🗆 E	Blower Ro Belt Tensi	ion				s Оре	Temp.:]		Air Tem	ıp.:		
Set Screws Nameplate A Motor L1_	Alignmer Tight Amps: Amps	nt	Blower Ro Belt Tensi Volts: _1-L2	Volts			Limits		Temp.:]	Supply A				
Set Screws Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_	Alignmer Tight Amps: Amps	nt	Blower Roselt Tension Volts: 1-L2 1-L3	Volts			Limits 1	s Оре	Temp.:]	Supply Amps	Air Tem	ıp.:		
Set Screws Nameplate A Motor L1_	Alignmer Tight Amps: Amps	nt	Blower Ro Belt Tensi Volts: _1-L2	Volts			Limits 1 2	s Оре	Temp.:]	Amps 10 11	Air Tem	ıp.:		
Set Screws Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_	Alignmer Tight Amps: Amps	nt	Blower Roselt Tension Volts: 1-L2 1-L3	Volts			1 2 3	s Оре	Temp.:]	Amps 10 11 12	Air Tem	ıp.:		
Set Screws Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_	Alignmer Tight Amps: Amps Heat	nt	Blower Roselt Tension Volts: 1-L2 1-L3 2-L3 cks - Ga	Volts			1 2 3 4	s Оре	Temp.:]	Amps 10 11 12 13	Air Tem	ıp.:		
Set Screws Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_	Alignmer Tight Amps: Amps Heat	nt	Blower Roselt Tensing Volts:1-L21-L32-L3 cks - Ga	Volts s ure:	in. w.c.		1 2 3	s Оре	Temp.:]	Amps 10 11 12	Air Tem	ıp.:		
Set Screws Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_ Fuel type: N	Alignmer Tight Amps: Amps Heat at L	ing Che	Blower Roselt Tensing Volts:1-L21-L32-L3 et Pressurpply Air	Volts s ure:	 in. w.c.		1 2 3 4 5	s Оре	Temp.:]	Amps 10 11 12 13 14	Air Tem	ıp.:		
Set Screws Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_ Fuel type: N Return Air To	Alignmer Tight Amps: Amps Heat at. Lemp.:	ing Che	Blower Roselt Tension Volts: 1-L2 1-L3 2-L3 cks - Ga et Pressurpply Air ary Limit	Volts s ure: Temp.:_s Operat	 in. w.c.		1 2 3 4 5 6	s Оре	Temp.:]	Amps 10 11 12 13 14 15	Air Tem	ıp.:		
Set Screws Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_ Fuel type: N Return Air To Altitude: CO2 %:	Alignmer Tight Amps: Amps Heat at. Lemp.:	ing Che	Blower Research Tension Volts:	Volts Sure: Temp.:_s Operate	_in. w.c.		1 2 3 4 5 6 7	s Оре	Temp.:]	Amps 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Air Tem	ıp.:		
Set Screws Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_ Fuel type: N Return Air To Altitude: CO2 %: Gas Valv	Alignmer Tight Amps: Amps Heat at. Lemp.:	ing Che	Blower Research Tension Volts:	Volts s ure: Temp.:_s Operat	_in. w.c.		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	s Оре	Temp.:	L3	Amps 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	L1	ıp.:		
Set Screws Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_ Fuel type: N Return Air To Altitude: CO ₂ %: Gas Valv GV1	Alignmer Tight Amps: Amps Heat at. Lemp.:	ing Che	Blower Research Tension Volts:	Volts Sure: Temp.:_s Operate	_in. w.c.		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	s Оре	Temp.:	L3	Amps 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	L1	ıp.:		
Set Screws Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_ Fuel type: N Return Air To Altitude: CO2 %: Gas Valv	Alignmer Tight Amps: Amps Heat at. □ L emp.:	ing Che	Blower Roselt Tension Volts: 1-L2 1-L3 2-L3 et Pressurpply Air ary Limit lanifold Frire	Volts Sure: Temp.:_s Operate	_in. w.c.		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	s Оре	Temp.:	L3 Accesso	Amps 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 ary Check	L1 List Series Li	ıp.:	L3	
Set Screws Nameplate A Motor L1_ L2_ L3_ Fuel type: N Return Air To Altitude: CO ₂ %: Gas Valv GV1	Alignmer Tight Amps: Amps Heat at. □ L emp.:	ing Che	Blower Roselt Tension Volts: 1-L2 1-L3 2-L3 et Pressurpply Air ary Limit lanifold Frire	Volts Sure: Temp.:_s Operate	_in. w.c.		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	s Оре	Temp.:	L3 Accesso ower Ex	Amps 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	L1 List the control of the control	L2	L3	